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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

WAITING.

Serene I fold my hands and wait,
Nor care for wind, or tide, or sea;
I rave no more 'gainst time or fate,
For lo! my own shall come to me.

I stay my haste, I make delays,
For what avails this eager pace?
I stand amid the eternal ways,
And what is mine shall know my face.

Asleep, awake, by night or day,
The friends I seek are seeking me.
No wind can drive my bark astray,
Nor change the tide of destiny.

What matter if I stand alone?
I wait with joy the coming years;
My heart shall rest where it has sown,
And garner up its fruit of tears.

The waters know their own and draw
The brook that springs in yonder height;
So flow the good with equal law
Unto the soul of pure delight.

The stars come nightly to the sky,
The tidal wave unto the sea;
Nor time, nor space, nor deep, nor high,
Can keep my own away from me.
—John Burroughs.

BROTHER TO NECESSITY.

BY HELEN HICKS.

Alec McPherson's mother was never tired of showing little Alec the picture in the album of Aunty Morse, whose son had become a millionaire in New York, or of talking of her cousin, who was a senator at Ottawa, and her sister-in-law's brother, who had been appointed lieutenant-governor of a province once, but who had died inadvertently before he was sworn in. Little Alec looked upon these distinctions, and he saw that they were good. He saw that the men who got respect and consideration when they came to his father's house were not farmers like his father, but the doctor in the black coat, who ordered somebody to hold his horses and asked apprehensively if the dog bit, or the minister, who kept the men after a hearty dinner from the hay, while he was praying, and a thunder cloud was gathering overhead. It was for men like these that the silver and the best table napkins were brought out, and the household routine set aside as a thing of small consequence. The boy began to be ashamed of an occupation that compelled a man to wear rough clothes and carry rough hands, and the town made him shy and ill at ease.

Mrs. McPherson's remedy for the disadvantage under which her son had been born was education. She told him what it could do. Education could make him a gentleman, give him money and clothes, and respect and power, and put his heel on the neck of men who otherwise would have their heel on his neck. So it came about that by the time Alec was 24 and his father laid safely to rest under the sod, the boy had taken his bachelor's degree at college, spent a year abroad and was plunging into the study of Blackstone and the civil code.

It was on an evening in early spring that he came home. There was still frost in the air, and night was coming on windy with a moon that was no more than a tilted horn wracked with clouds and insignificant beside the lights beginning to come out in the houses. After 10 miles in a stage over this bare country, sole passenger, huddled into a corner, with a rug wrapped round his knees and his hands thrust deep into his overcoat pockets, the gash of yellow light from his own door was the welcomest of sights. The low-ceiled room, the familiar engravings on the walls, his mother's lined face under the gray hair, were furniture of his earliest recollections.

"Mother," he said, "my health is broken down. If I don't get help somewhere I'm useless for life!"

He told his story, his nervousness, his sleeplessness, all the long months he had spent trying to work and doing nothing. "Ever since that hot day last summer when I was overcome by the heat, I've never been the same since. When I went back to lectures," he went on, "I couldn't work. There was a doctor I knew, a young fellow. He thought he could fix me up. Bromide, morphia, chloral—I tried them all. Then I went to a specialist, and he told me everything. It was a shock to the brain; I was a victim of neurasthenia. Mother, I may live to be an old man, but I'll never be good for anything, so far as head work is concerned, again."

Mrs. McPherson stood up indignantly. "Alec! With your constitution! A little thing like that can't break you down. Your father was a strong man, and I'm sure there's never been much sickness on my side of the house." "Yes," he said, "that was what the doctor said. He said it was in my favor that I came of country people and hadn't inherited the hysteria and debilitated nerves that are the common curse. He said, mother, that coming back to the farm was my only hope." He sat silent, with his clenched hand holding his head; then looking round him, "I was in a hospital for a while," he said. "Thank God, I'm home!"

One day in the middle of the forenoon Alec came downstairs with the unusual feeling that he was a sluggard. The sun was strong, and just outside the door a turkey cock distended himself in its warmth; the bees were busy in the flowers, the men were haying. He took his hat and went out, walking past the barns and along a lane where beside him lay a field of potatoes, their regularly spaced clumps of green radiating like the spokes of a wheel from whatever point the eye chose as a beginning. An unremarkable man was walking between two rows that ran parallel to the fence. In one hand he held a pail filled with green-tinted water, and in the other a whitewash brush. He dipped his brush in the green water and flounced it over the potato tops on either side, and talked aloud to himself as he walked. "Saul has slain thousands, and David tens o' thousands; but I'm slayin' millions of 'em—millions!"

"Hello, Henry," Alec called leaning over the fence; "paris-greening the potato bugs?" The man set down his pail and stood erect. "Yes, but it does mighty little good," he drawled. "This new man Crawford that's just bought the old Garrison place has got a potato patch over there, and his bugs believes in reciprocity. Line fences is no obstruction to them fellers." "Doesn't Crawford believe in paris green?" he asked. "No, nor in hoein', neither, I guess."

Alec laughed. "Mr. Crawford doesn't seem to be a thriving farmer." "Well now, Mr. McPherson," Henry said, briskly, as if entering on a topic that interested him, "Mr. Crawford he thinks hisself a gentleman, but he don't own that farm no more nor I do. The company owns it what holds a mortgage on it, and he's really just workin' it for them. His crop ain't his'n; it's got to go to pay the interest, and some says his horses and cattle and implements is all chatteled for more'n they're worth."

"That's a lie!" Both looked up. The man they were discussing had risen from beneath a clump of elder bushes and was leaning over the fence with battle in his eyes. He was lank and cadaverous, with a thin, goat's beard, protuberant blue eyes, and wiry yellow hair. The man was plainly not in robust health, and he had the look of having reached that point in his cups when amiability is swallowed up in a growing desire to be quarrelsome. "Well, maybe it is, Mr. Crawford," Henry said, soothingly. "Maybe it is," "And they say you're a reg'lar gentleman," Crawford remarked, turning to Alec and looking him up and down with scornful amusement. "A reg'lar gentleman that never had his nose to the grindstone and keeps money in the bank all the time. Is that so?" "No-o, I guess is isn't so," Alec answered, mildly. With surprising quickness the man got over the fence that separated them. "And you don't think I'm a thrivin' farmer, eh?" he queried, thrusting forward his white, impudent, face. "Take that, young upstart!" And suddenly raising the switch in his hand he laid it smartly across Alec's face. The next instant he had fallen forward with his face in the grass, and his thin hands grasping convulsively before him. They turned him over, but though the muscles of his face moved, his heart was quite still.

The two men looked at each other in consternation. "This is hard on Lyddy," Henry said at last with a great sigh, pointing to the prostrate form. "He's a widower, and Lyddy keeps things together, and there's two little uns." They carried the dead man up to his house, where little Blanche Mary was helping Lyddy get dinner, and Tony, the six-year-old, stood washing himself with legs set very wide apart at a big basin on the outside stoop. They were all thin, elfin creatures with bright hair and radiant eyes of corn-flower blue.

"Well," said Mrs. McPherson, when the funeral was over, "Lyddy Crawford's got a hard row to hoe. She'd like to stay on the farm; it's like home to her now, and they've got to have a roof over their heads somewhere." "But the mortgage," Alec objected. "They can pay the interest, and that's enough just now. And she's going to make real, old-fashioned preserves out of wild raspberries and huckleberries and long blackberries, and sell them on Buxton market. Oh, she may get quite a trade!"

Alec was pleased. Gradually it became his chief interest to watch Lyddy's undertaking. Sometimes he met her in the woods with the children, gathering berries, Tony trailing a long, dead branch as a protection against bears. He never saw Lyddy now without a sharp sense of the beauty of her hair, her small woman's figure, her brown, small hands. It seemed to him that she embodied all sweet, country things—light and breezy days and the fragrance of little underfoot flowers. As for Lyddy, at night, at bedtime, she wrapped a thin, black shawl about her head and shoulders, and slipped out of the house and down the hill to the bridge, to see if the lights were still burning in Alec's windows. She did it every night, and it had assumed for her the sacredness of a rite.

When fall came, Alec was better. He was less thin, his hand had a firm grasp, his skin was a healthy brown, his eye was steady. He had almost forgotten his languid days and sleepless nights in the buoyant pleasure of rising up early in the autumn dawn to feel himself the director of all the activities of the farm.

It was at supper one night that his mother spoke to him. "Alec, you have been at home close on eight months now," she said, and waited for an answer. "Yes," he said, briefly. "And your health is ever so much better than you ever thought it would be again. You're almost as well as you ever were. Isn't that so?" "Yes," he said again. "When are you going back to the law?" He went on crumbling his biscuit, and did not meet her eye. "I am not going back, mother," he said at last. "I am determined to stay here." "This is no place for a young man of your education," she expostulated.

"That's what I thought once, mother, but everything seems different now. I can be just as useful here. It's better to be a good farmer than a poor lawyer." "You needn't be a poor lawyer. Besides I'd rather be that than a farmer. I hate the name of farmer. None of my relations were ever that. There isn't any excuse for such low tastes." He was nettled. "Let us take some cases we know of," he said quietly. "There's Walters, the sharpest young lawyer in Buxton, and the best pleader; he was in jail 24 hours for voting twice at an election. There was Barr, who started poor and died rich; he lost his seat in Parliament and was disqualified for open bribery, and there was things in his private life far worse. No profession is going to make a man's life honorable. I'd rather be a man like my father, mother, than be Barr or Walters."

He had the impulse to burst into contemptuous laughter, but something checked him. He leaned forward, instead, and placed his hand on hers. "Mother, I disappoint you, but don't drive me away. This is the dearest place on earth to me. I can understand Horace now! 'Happy is the man who, far from business, like the ancient race of men, works his paternal fields with his own oxen.' I can understand that now." Mrs. McPherson picked up the teapot and set it down with fierce emphasis. "Then I suppose the truth is it's that girl that's keeping you here," she burst out.

"What do you mean?" he asked hotly. "I mean," she said, without quailing before his angry eyes, "that I suppose it's that Crawford girl your hanging after. The dear knows what else keeps you here. You don't seem able to tell. I think you must be pretty soft. To see her eyes following me round like a tame cat would be enough for me if I was a young man. It makes me sick. I should think she'd be the laughing stock of the neighborhood." Her son looked at her in blank amazement. "Oh, she knows which side her bread is buttered on. You'd be a pretty good catch for her, wouldn't you? I'll tell you something, too," she went on, hoarsely. "If you take up with such trash as that, don't come here again. As long as my head is above the sod this house is mine, and if you go against me, keep out of it. God knows I've slaved to give you chances to make yourself somebody! Yes, you've been dearer to me than the apple of my eye, but unless you make up your mind to go back, I will never own you for a son again."

She turned her back upon him and marched away with her usual soldier-like tread, and he heard the key turn in the lock as she closed her bedroom door. He flung out of the house in a passion of opposition. O the shoddy pride, the vulgarity of it all! Some words of Tolstoi recurred to him, printed without flaw on his memory: "Everything which I used to think bad and low—the rusticity of the peasant, the plainness of lodging, food, clothing, manners—all this has become good and great in my eyes." He leaned against the railing of the little wooden bridge and listened to the hurry of water underneath. There was a watery, intermittent moonlight, and every now and then a snowflake, damp and adhesive, touched his cheek. He looked up and saw Lyddy standing in the road, her startled face peering at him from its framing of black shawl. With an exclamation of joy he went quickly to meet her.—New England Homestead.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A peculiar custom on Hampstead Heath, England, for the week following the annual bank holiday is the playing of kiss-in-the-ring on a large scale on a special part of the West Heath, between the Spaniards road and the North End Paddock. At no other time is it indulged in systematically. Many visitors join the sport.

A Minnesota man captured a kingfisher when it was young, made a pet of it, and trained the bird to capture fish and lay them at its master's feet. In summer the bird is taken to the river, where fish are known to abound, and set at liberty. It poises high in the air, and, suddenly dropping, grasps its victim and promptly delivers the fish to its master.

A ghastly discovery was made by Emma Shultz, a twelve-year-old girl, of Napoleon, O., while fishing in the canal. Her fishing line became entangled and she gave a sharp jerk and brought a bunch of hair to the surface. On investigation the body of a man was found and was identified as that of the girl's own father. He was seventy years old, and was subject to epilepsy.

Philadelphia has a coin dated 1891, which has a head on either side, showing that mistakes are made even at the mint. Every finished coin passes through the hands of a great many experts, and there is little chance of an imperfect piece escaping this scrutiny. There are said to be many of them in circulation, however. No particular value is attached to the coins outside of their rarity as curiosities.

Humbolt states that during his travels he saw shirts growing on trees. To quote his own language: "We saw on the slope of the Cerra Dinida shirt trees fifty feet high. The Indians cut off cylindrical pieces two feet in diameter from which they peel the red and fibrous bark without making longitudinal incisions. This bark affords them a garment which resembles a sack of coarse texture without a seam. As in this climate the riches of nature are regarded as the primary cause of indolence, missionaries do not fail to say in showing the shirts of Marina: 'In the forests of Orinoca garments are found ready made upon the trees.'"

A short time ago the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad had to issue a pathetic advertisement in the local papers. They had fixed a twenty-eight ton steel bridge on three flat cars chained together and dispatched it to Dayton, Ohio, with their blessing. At an intermediate station the bridge was observed to be bearing the journey extremely well, and was seemingly in the best of spirits; nevertheless, when the train arrived at its destination not a sign of the bridge could be discovered, and, owing to the inability of the company to discover any trace of their lost property, the advertisement was issued, begging the public, should it meet with a wandering bridge, to return it to its owners with all dispatch, when a substantial reward would be given in exchange.

Novel Cycling Game.

Nowadays, when cycling is so popular, it is amusing to combine a picnic with a paper chase. You choose a place to lunch at in a part of the country where there are many intersecting roads and lanes. The party all arrive on bicycles, and after lunch two are chosen for hares, bags of paper are tied onto their handle-bars and they are sent off with a few minutes' start. Riding up side lanes, scattering the paper on a false scent, in order to mislead the hounds, takes time, and the hares ought to be particularly good at turning sharply when they have to retrace their steps; but if they are strong cyclists and their tires hold out they are not often caught.

ILLEGITIMATE OFFSPRING.

"Mr. Tariff, being of kind and generous nature, forgave and welcomed Industry under the conjugal roof. * * * * Father Tariff went so far as to adopt the 'little Trusts' and to look after them, but never consented to legitimize them nor allow them to bear his name."—From advance sheets of "The Philosophy of Trusts," by Prof. Ernest Mas.

ALL ARE ILLEGITIMATE.

TRUSTS ARE NOT OFFSPRING OF THE TARIFF.

Quaint Allegory Illustrative of the Deplorable Results Attending a Domestic Cataclysm Wherein Miss Industry Plays an Important Part.

[From Advance Sheets of "The Philosophy of Trusts," by Professor Ernest Mas.]

Grandmother Independence had two beautiful daughters, both American to the core. The elder's name was Agriculture. She was a handsome girl of pure unmixed stock, calm, very laborious and of bucolic inclinations. The younger daughter had a little foreign blood in her veins. Her name was Industry; a very pretty girl indeed, full of life, not averse to flirtation, and of extremely vivacious temperament. Seldom indeed have two sisters presented a more striking contrast.

To complete her education, the younger daughter, the more promising, went abroad. She visited Lancanshire and spent some time in the old ancestral manor. While there she made a lot of desirable and undesirable acquaintances, which were subsequently to exert a most disastrous influence on her happiness. This phase of her history would fill a good sized volume.

The wayward girl came back home in cosmopolitan attire, affecting a London accent, a free thinker in matters of economy. As she exhibited all the outward signs of unrestrained prodigality, old Sister Agriculture could never get along with her. The original chasm had developed into an abyss.

It was not long before Mother Independence's keen eye could detect the dangerous propensities of her prodigal daughter; so she deemed it wise to apply a strong corrective at once, in the shape of a healthy, vigorous husband. Young American Industry needed it very badly.

Her mother had beforehand selected a virile companion of athletic frame, and equally well built morally. His name was The Tariff. He was not of noble extraction, had not been educated for diplomacy, but in place of a university diploma or a heraldic coat of arms could on almost every occasion show a lot of hard American common sense, character and individuality. He had been raised at the school of strictest economy, and was sure to be a model of domestic virtues. A marriage took place on a good day early in November, and the mother at last felt relieved of all anxious cares and responsibilities.

The young wife at first was very fond of her husband, whose kind attentions anticipated her smallest wants and most capricious desires. She had more pin money than any wife of a successful business man ever dreamed of. This was the beginning of the trouble, as Industry was too versatile to stand, like Sister Agriculture, uninterrupted prosperity and domestic felicity.

A most happy event of Providential timeliness prevented, or, better said, postponed a family cataclysm. Two lusty sons, twins, were the legitimate fruit of this union.

Father and mother decided to call the first one Labor, and the second one Enterprise. As they had in their veins the virile blood of the father and the healthy constitution of the mother, both boys were very strong, full of health and appetite, but—and very likely owing to the widely different characteristics of the father and mother—they were far from being physically and morally alike. Baby Labor was fond of the milk bottle, but, for some reason or other, Baby Enterprise ever managed to have it most of the time in his little mouth.

"What a big glutton," used to say the mother. "Each baby should have his turn. This is not fair." "Never mind," rejoined the father; "I shall make one boy a lawyer and the other a mechanic. With such blood in their veins as that of Father Tariff and Mother Industry, both will succeed in their respective callings." And this was to happen some day; but we must not anticipate.

Four years after marriage the temperament of Industry, for some time under restraint, asserted itself more violently than ever before. All was not harmony under the conjugal roof. To make matters still worse, the two children, Labor and Enterprise, had to be separated, as they were fighting all the time over the milk bottle. Baby Labor, like Aunty Agriculture, was of a happy and conciliatory disposition, never seeking quarrels without motives, but Baby Enterprise had more of his mother's blood, and no amount of milk could stop him from making trouble. The separation of the two boys was easily accomplished by giving each baby a nurse, and letting them see each other from time to time when the "spirit of Enterprise" was in the right mood.

But what could not be so easily accomplished was harmony between husband and wife. The union of Miss Industry with Mr. Tariff, having been prompted chiefly by considerations of interest, did not prove altogether a love match. The extravagant wife had at her command untold thousands; she wanted untold millions. This her kind husband could not give. A cataclysm was in the air.

One day, coming home after business hours, earlier than usual, Mr. Tariff found his beautiful wife in the arms of a false friend, a Trust Magnate. He shot the destroyer of his home and robber of his affections. The drama ended in a divorce, and the court gave Father Tariff the custody of Labor and Enterprise, his two legitimate boys.

The divorced wife, having become again Miss Industry, lost no time in trying to secure another husband more to her fancy, but she found only temporary acquaintances, who never would consent to let her bear their names nor share their rank and social position. Illegitimate children were the result of Miss Industry's culpable relations. They bear the genus name of Trusts, but have no relations whatever to Mr. Tariff, and are universally ostracized.

And what became of Mr. Tariff, the divorced husband?

Why, there is still another chapter to this sad story.

Miss Industry, after four years of abandon and miserable life, bitterly regretted her faults. She repented, and tearfully asked forgiveness, pledging herself to become a faithful, devoted wife. Mr. Tariff, being of kind and generous nature, forgave and welcomed Industry under the conjugal roof. The reunion of the mother with her two legitimate sons, Labor and Enterprise, was one of those events which can be better imagined than described. Father Tariff went so far as to adopt the "little Trusts" children and to look after them, but never consented to legitimize them nor allowed them to bear his name.

When they became of age they were placed in a good school for infant industries, and received there a splendid education at Father Tariff's expense.

Father Tariff's early prediction as to the future of his two legitimate sons, Labor and Enterprise, was to be fully realized. To-day Baby Enterprise is somebody. He is a prosperous lawyer and successful politician, often talked of as a possible candidate in some future campaign. As to Baby Labor, he is now a mechanical engineer and inventor of the Edison type, who sets the world thinking all the time as to what is to come next from him in the way of inventions.

Moral: There is a moral to this story, too, and it is this:

"Trusts are the offspring of American industry, but are not and never were the legitimate sons of the tariff."
ERNEST MAS.

Tariff and Trade.

Every now and then some mossback among Democratic editors has something to say about the protective tariff. Usually it is a revamping of the old, old free trade theory that a protective tariff is a "Chinese wall," obstructing our foreign trade.

These benighted brethren should study the reports of our foreign trade. It has never been so great as since the enactment of the Dingley law. In place of being a Chinese wall, it has expanded trade beyond all previous records. The dictum of our free trade friends is utterly wrong. It should be, "Protection increases the volume of our foreign trade." That is the experience of the past two and a half years. It was our experience under the McKinley law. Under the Democratic Wilson tariff our foreign trade declined.—Toledo Blade.

Value of Domestic Competition.

Experience has taught us that domestic competition is more efficacious in bringing down and maintaining reasonably low prices than the competition of the foreigner. So long as we were dependent upon the British for our supplies of rails and other manufactures of iron and steel we were compelled to pay dearly for them. The records show that during this period of dependence whenever railroad building was pushed with energy in the United States the price of rails in England was put up, and when construction languished there was a fall. It was not until we were able to manufacture rails in sufficient quantities to meet the home demand that we were emancipated from the extortion which was invariably practiced when the exigencies of rapid development obliged us to go abroad for supplies.—San Francisco Chronicle.

How to Precipitate a Panic.

A Democratic victory next year would bring the prosperity promptly to an end and precipitate another panic like that which Cleveland's election in 1892 caused.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Japs Raising Tea in Mexico.

About 300 Japanese colonists located two years ago near Jimiltepec, Mexico. The colony was established under the authority of a concession granted by the Mexican Government. The colony has been experimenting in tea growing and has made such a success that 5000 more Japanese men and their families are to be brought to Mexico to join the original colony. Other tropical products are also raised by the colonists. Their extensive plantations are located in the Verde River Valley.

KEARSARGE'S TRIAL TRIP

New Battleship Covers the Distance With an Average of 16.84 Knots.

PROVES HERSELF A FINE SEA BOAT

On Her Official Speed Trial the Kearsarge Shows Herself to Be the Fastest in Her Class—Her Trip Unequaled For Marine Picturesqueness—Battleship is a Seventeen-Knot Vessel.

BOSTON (Special).—With the splendid average of 16.84 knots to her credit, the United States first-class battleship Kearsarge, the latest and greatest addition to our navy, ended her official speed trial, a trial which was successful in every detail, and which for marine picturesqueness has been unequaled in our naval career.

Greater interest, it may be said, centred in the trial of this battleship of honored and historic name than in any previous trial runs of our line of battle craft. There were many reasons for this, chief of which was the desire to compare the Kearsarge type with the Indiana and Iowa classes, both of which so remarkably proved their worth in the recent war.

The new battleship, with her sister ship, the Kentucky, now nearing completion, is distinguished by superimposed turrets, called Sampson turrets, after Rear-Admiral Sampson. These turrets carry 13-inch guns in the lower, and 8-inch in the upper barbettes, and the main and secondary batteries constitute the heaviest armament of any ship in the world. Again, the new battleship differs from the Indiana type in having two masts instead of one, and likewise much additional ponderous machinery.

On her speed trial she carried four bilge and two docking keels, the Iowa alone being presented in this shape for her trial run, and her relative speed, with 500 horse power less, and 350 tons greater displacement, was approximately equal to that of the Iowa.

The Kearsarge, while nominally a sixteen knot craft, will probably be spoken of in naval circles as of seventeen knots, based no doubt on her trial performance.

Nothing but praise is heard of her handiness, her steadiness, her general efficiency in every respect. She is by long odds the best battleship yet tried on this side of the water, and in many essential respects the best in the world.

In the course of her run two remarkably fine marine pictures were presented, aside from the one of this mass of steel being forced through the water at great speed. The most impressive of these was when after crossing the finish line, the ship's helm was put hard over, and around she went in a circle, the diameter of which was scarcely more than twice her length.

As the screws churned up the water the wake made a great wave of boiling green water which rushed toward a centre with the force of a tidal rip, the foamy tops meeting in miniature cataracts. With this remarkably close radius of action the inclination of the raft was scarcely three degrees.

The other picture was during the homeward run, when, with a huge "bone in her teeth," the forward deck was bathed in clouds of spray irridescent in the Autumn sun.

FILIPINOS MAKE A CAPTURE.

Burn the Gunboat Urdaneta and Make Prisoners of the Crew.

MANILA (By Cable).—The United States gunboat Urdaneta has been captured by the rebels and scuttled in the Orani River, on the northwest side of Manila Bay, twenty-five miles from this city.

Her commander, Naval Cadet Welborn C. Wood and her crew of eight men were made prisoners and taken by the Filipinos to Pornac.

The Urdaneta, which belongs to the class of vessels known as "tinclads," bombarded Orani, a small town held by the rebels.

She kept up a lively fire with her little guns and the rebels retreated. Afterward the crew went ashore to take possession of the place. They were ambushed by the Filipinos, surrounded and captured.

The rebels then beached the gunboat and set her on fire. They first stripped her of her armament, consisting of a one-pounder, a Colt automatic and a Nordenfeldt twenty-five-millimetre gun. This, with the ammunition, they carried off for use against the Americans.

The United States gunboats Petrel, Calao and Basco, sent to search for the Urdaneta, found her beached near the town and riddled with bullets. There was no trace of her crew.

THE ADULA SINKS AT SEA.

Goes Down Near Jamaica With the Captain and Five Sailors.

KINGSTON, Jamaica (By Cable).—The Atlas Steamship Company's steamer Adula, which was seized as a prize by the United States during the war with Spain, has been sunk in deep water to the east of Jamaica.

Her chief officer, Captain Percy, of New York, was drowned with the crew of five. She was bound for Baltimore, with a cargo of oranges.

Ship Was a Prize of the Spanish War.

The Adula, a steamship with a gross tonnage of 772, was built in Belfast in 1898. She was seized off Guantanamo Bay by the cruiser Marblehead on June 29, 1898, as she was going in for refugees without cargo. She had been chartered by Don Jose R. Solis, of Manzanillo, and had made three other trips, each time carrying a cargo of provisions. A month after her capture she was adjudged a lawful prize of war by Judge Emery Speer, in the United States District Court at Savannah, Ga.

URGES FARMERS TO HOLD CORN.

Secretary of the Kansas Board of Agriculture Says Good Profits Can Be Made.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special).—Secretary Coburn, of the State Board of Agriculture, has issued a second appeal to the farmers of Kansas to hold their surplus corn. He says:

"If grain speculators can make a profit on borrowed capital by holding Kansas corn piled up along the railroad tracks, too often brought below cost of production, the producers can make a better one by taking good care of all they are not compelled to let go of. The instances are few and far between where a grower has suffered loss by holding his unincumbered surplus from an unusual corn crop for at least twelve months."

Killed Playing Football.

During a game of football at Meriden, Conn., between the Middletown High School and the Meriden High School elevens, Thomas Kelly, left guard of the Middletown team, was thrown and his neck broken. He died in the hospital. Kelly was about eighteen years old. He was playing with the High School team while preparing to enter college.

President Diaz Will Pay No Visit.

President Diaz, of Mexico, will not come to the United States, owing to the illness of Mme. Diaz. Ignacio Mariscal, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, will come in his place.

Cycling Notes.

Nearly every member of the Russian Imperial family rides a bicycle.

There are sixty-one counties in Kansas where not one bicycle is in use.

The devices for changing gears at the forthcoming shows will be numerous.

A Toledo concern is filling an order for five bicycles for the children of the King of Siam.

The bicycle repair shop as an independent industry has almost ceased to exist except in the most frequented places.

Fourteen States now require the railroads doing business within their borders to transport bicycles of passengers free of charge as baggage.

PLEADS FOR CAPT. CARTER

Wayne MacVeagh Argues For a Judicial Hearing of the Case.

Says the President Would Be Guilty of an Act of Great Cruelty in Affirming the Verdict.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Attorney-General Griggs gave a hearing to Wayne MacVeagh, counsel in the court-martial case of Captain O. M. Carter of the army. Mr. MacVeagh asked for a judicial hearing in the case, saying that if the President affirmed the proceedings he would be guilty of an act of great cruelty and wrong. The record was, he contended, so saturated with errors of law that it is impossible in a country governed by law to affirm the finding.

CAPTAIN O. M. CARTER.

Mr. MacVeagh's argument was largely technical, and he took peculiar delight in comparing Carter with Dreyfus, his court martial with the affair at Rennes, himself with Labori, champion of one oppressed by militarism. He denied that he had been paid or promised a handsome fee to defend Carter. His interest in the case was much more, he said, than mercenary.

Mr. MacVeagh recited eleven instances of what he termed positive inventions retailed to the correspondents of the newspapers during the past eighteen months. Sooner or later, he says, he expects to reveal the authors of these reports, expose their motives, and then hold somebody responsible for proving their truth. Mr. MacVeagh also denied that the finding of the court had been unanimous, notwithstanding, he said, the War Department had so stated.

In asking that the court-martial verdict be set aside, Mr. MacVeagh urged the unfitness of such a court, composed of men untrained in the law, to deal with questions such as those involved in this case. The findings of such a court have no validity and carry no weight. The findings were based on a jumble of incongruous and discordant charges, ranging from embezzlement and deceit in the smallest matters to charges of conspiracy of immense magnitude.

In reply to a question from the Attorney-General, Mr. MacVeagh admitted that no objections to the misjoinder of charges had been made in the court-martial. Mr. Griggs suggested that the objections should have been made at that time, adding that he was expressing no opinion upon the merits of the points at issue. Continuing, Mr. MacVeigh said that only a fair trial was asked and a fair trial could not be had upon a collection of charges, as had been made in this case.

Mr. MacVeagh criticised unsparingly the witnesses called for the prosecution of Carter, as well as the action of the court in admitting much of the testimony—denouncing much that was said as lies.

Mr. MacVeagh closed with a very earnest appeal for a judicial hearing of the case, dwelling at length upon the majesty of the law and appealing to Attorney-General Griggs as a lawyer and jurist to accept his view of the case and counsel the President to prevent the affirmation of the verdict of the court-martial.

Attorney-General Griggs said after the hearing that he would reserve his report upon the case until after he returned from his Western trip with the President. "The only excuse for a hasty opinion that I can see," he said, "would be to get out of reading this voluminous testimony."

TORNADO IN CONNECTICUT.

People Were Terror-Stricken and Sought Refuge in Cellars.

NORWALK, Conn. (Special).—A tornado raged in the Norwalk River Valley a few days ago, and did great damage to buildings, orchards and timber land.

The storm came up from the southwest out of an apparently cloudless sky, and passed to the northeast with terrific force. The villages most affected are West Norwalk, Winnipauk, Silver Mine, Wilton, Cannons, Georgetown, Branchville, Redding, and the country near Danbury. The path varied from fifty to three hundred feet in width, and it was marked with destruction. Trees were uprooted and dropped across highways, buildings were destroyed and roofs carried away. Witnesses describe it as a dark, foggy cloud, apparently rolling over and over, and filled with leaves, limbs of trees and other debris.

The residents of the section over which the tornado passed were terror-stricken, and many sought refuge in cellars. The wind was preceded by thunder and lightning and jet black clouds, and was accompanied by a heavy downpour of rain. A peculiar feature of the storm is that people living a quarter of a mile out of its path knew nothing about it.

LOCOMOTIVE KILLS FOUR MEN.

Rejected as Volunteers, They Met Death at Home.

ALTOONA, Penn. (Special).—Four men walking along the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad near Elizabeth Furnace, a few miles east of here, were ground to pieces by a shifting engine which was running backward. The men were badly mangled.

They were identified as James Hazlett, Jr., John H. Dickinson and James H. Kernan, all of Wellsborough, Penn., and Richard McKay, of Providence, R. I.

The day before the five men presented themselves at the recruiting office in this city for enlistment, but all were refused excepting Moran. Hazlett tried to enlist as a musician.

THOUSANDS PERISH IN ASIA MINOR.

Earthquake There Destroyed a Number of Villages—Many Injured.

LONDON (By Cable).—Advices have been received here to the effect that an earthquake occurred in Asia Minor on September 20. The shock was most severe between Aidin and Sarakeuy. Thousands of persons were killed and 800 were injured. Thousands of houses were demolished. In some cases entire villages were razed.

Winter Clothing Will Be Dearer.

Winter clothing will be more expensive owing to the advance in the price of wool.

Crop Destroyed by Bugs.

The entire cucumber crop in the district northeast of Benton Harbor, Mich., representing over 2,000,000 bushels of small pickles a season for the last ten years, has been completely destroyed by a foreign red bug. The new pest, although much smaller, belongs to the lady-bug family. The total loss to growers is estimated at over $100,000.

Preacher Sent to Jail For Child Torture.

The Rev. Lewis Lumpkins, for forty years a Baptist minister at Scottsboro, Ala., has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for torturing his young grandson with burning. The child died.

SHIPS BOMBARD A TOWN.

Four Vessels Shell Filipinos at Olangapo, on Subig Bay.

A KRUPP CANNON DESTROYED.

The Enemy's Sixteen-Centimeter Gun Blown Up With Guncotton—Marines Force Insurgents to Flee—Excellent Work Done by the Landing Party—The Town Caught Fire.

MANILA (By Cable).—The United States cruiser Charleston, the monitor Monterey, and the gunboats Concord and Zafiro, with marines and bluejackets from the cruiser Baltimore a few days ago left Cavite and proceeded to Subig Bay to destroy an insurgent cannon there. The warships for three hours bombarded the town of Olangapo and the intrenchments where the gun was situated.

Men from the Charleston, Concord and Zafiro were then landed under a heavy insurgent fire, proceeding to the cannon, which was utterly destroyed by guncotton, and then returning to the warships.

The Americans had one man wounded during the engagement.

While waiting in Subig Bay for better weather the Americans described Filipino reinforcements moving toward Olangapo. At 6.40 o'clock a. m. the Monterey began the advance upon the town, which was about three miles east of the monitor's anchorage. The Charleston, Concord and Zafiro followed.

At 7.25 o'clock the Monterey opened fire with her secondary and main batteries, the Charleston and Concord joining immediately. At 7.38 the insurgent cannon answered, the first shot passing close to the Monterey's smokestack. The gun was fired twice only.

The American bombarding then became general. At 9.30 o'clock the Monterey advanced to a range of 600 yards, using her main battery. Two hundred and fifty men were landed about 800 yards east of the cannon at 11 o'clock, under a severe shore Mauser fire. The men from the Charleston were the first to reach the beach, but the Concord's men were the first at the gun. The cannon was found to be a sixteen-centimeter Krupp gun, presumably obtained from the Spaniards.

Meanwhile the warships continued to shell the shelving beach on the east and west sides to silence the insurgent fire upon the sailors from the trenches skirting the beach.

The Americans then returned to the boats, the firing inland being kept up to protect the embarkation. The Concord's men were the last to leave the shore, and the warships were reached at 12.50 o'clock p. m.

Cadet Brinser, with the Concord's launch, armed with a Gatling, did excellent work on the left of the landing party. Captain Myers of the marines captured a muzzle-loading field piece. Lieutenant McDonald was in command of the landing party, and the movement was splendidly executed and controlled.

The town, which was riddled with shells, took fire at several points.

DREYFUS WITH HIS FAMILY

He Sees His Children For the First Time in Years—His Boy's Thoughtfulness.

PARIS (By Cable).—Former Captain Dreyfus met his children at Carpentras a few days ago, Mme. Dreyfus joined her husband the day before. He embraced each of the children tenderly. The boy remembered his father, but said he looked different from what he had pictured him.

MME. LUCIE EUGENIE DREYFUS.

The boy is very sensible and sympathetic and his father intends to tell him the whole story of his case in a short time. When he heard he was to meet his father the boy prepared a bouquet of flowers, which he presented to him.

Dreyfus met the carriage bearing his children and he grasped them in his arms and smothered them with kisses. His emotion was so great that he was unable to speak for some time. The excitement over the meeting made Dreyfus's physical condition somewhat worse.

Hereafter no strangers will be admitted to the house occupied by the Dreyfus family.

CHILDREN KILLED IN A WRECK.

Six Lives Lost in an Accident to an Excursion Train in Colorado.

DENVER, Col. (Special).—Six persons were killed and as many injured in a wreck on the Rio Grande Railroad a few miles east of Canon City. The wreck was caused by a collision between a Judson excursion train, west-bound, and a freight train, east bound, at a siding.

The killed are: Eva M. Walker, Westford, Mass., aged twelve years; Eugenia B. Judkins

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Enormity Melted.

There was especial opposition to the disturbance of the old Granary burial ground adjoining the Common in Boston, through a portion of which the subway runs. It was necessary to remove the remains of 910 persons interred there. One elderly man of Scotch descent made a great fuss over what he termed "the enormity of molesting the bones of his ancestors."

After much argument, delay and persuasion the venerable Scot was induced to agree that if the city would construct a tomb according to his ideas he would consent to the removal without causing further trouble. On the day the vault was completed the guardian of his progenitors was taken over to inspect this new repository.

"Now," said Dr. Green, a former mayor, who had charge of the work of removing the bodies, "you can set a day and the remains can be brought over and deposited here."

"What!" exclaimed the old gentleman. "Have that nice new tomb littered up with those old bones? Never! Close up the old tomb and let 'em be!"

Thus did he secure, without cost, a new family tomb.—New York Tribune.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 28, 1899.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sunday) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer Steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with Steamer for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The Steamer Newbern or hereafter will leave Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00, P. M., for Newbern, Oriental, and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r.
H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,
Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of,

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ahringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

NEW MARKETS.

The demands of agriculture will not enlarge the Nation's labor field to any extent, owing to the use of machinery, which diminishes the aggregate of human labor on the farm. To manufactures and commerce the people must look for increased employment. Even this field is limited, owing to the introduction of inventions, but more especially for the want of markets. Unlimited markets will solve all the questions of labor and wages which may confront the country.

Just now, when the necessity is upon us to find markets for our surplus products, the way to the best markets is opened by the annexation of Hawaii and the war with Spain. Then, too, in Asia and China, where hundreds of people are being introduced to our civilization. In the near future they will make heavy demands on the rest of the world, Russia, England, France and Germany are striving for their share of this trade, and we owe to the shops and farmers of this country to secure our fair share too.

NEVER AGAIN.

Up to two years ago, as some one has put it, America was wearing her old clothes. The American voters voluntarily cast work and wages away from them by voting for the Cleveland "Tariff." In consequence of that the American people were forced to fall back on what they had bought and on what they had saved during the prior days of McKinleyism and Prosperity. A very short period of Protection under the Dingley law has, however, brought the wherewithal for new things, and during the past year and more the American people have been buying new clothes, new everything. No small part of the sales of the past year have been sales of things which should have been bought years before, and which would have been bought if the American people had not bartered their birthright of prosperity for the mess of pottage offered to them by the Free-Traders. We are better off than Esau was, though, for we have had another chance and have got our birthright back. We won't let it go again.

BANKERS NOT ENEMIES.

There are a great many more farmers in this country than bankers; and there are a great many more mechanics. Some of the mechanics have been talked into the notion that the bankers are their natural enemies. There were demagogues before Andrew Jackson's time, who, for their own purposes, industriously cultivated that notion. Mr. Bryan's field missionaries are cultivating it now. It's wretched nonsense, though. In the United States of America all classes of citizens engaged in honest callings are useful and necessary to one another It takes all of them to make that great co-operative enterprise known as the American people. The idea that hard times for the men in the banks would be good times for the men on the farms and in the mills is a very silly idea. Intelligent farmers and mechanics know better than that.

A CONTRAST—ITS RESULTS.

The Democrats stood by a certain Tariff policy, which they insisted was the best to bring about prosperity.

The Republicans stood by an entirely different Tariff policy, which they also insisted was the best to bring about prosperity.

The Republican policy was tried first in the McKinley bill, and we had prosperity.

Then the Democratic policy was tried in the Wilson bill, and we got hard times.

And now we have had the Republican policy again in the Dingley bill, and we have prosperity again.

Surely such a demonstration ought to be sufficient!

There is only one way to judge a policy, whether in running a government or a private business, and that is by its results.

An indiscriminate war upon corporations because some have formed trusts is madness. What sort of a State would North Carolina be without a railroad? Yet, without corporations, it would have been impossible to build them.

Admiral Dewey has not come home with any designs on the Presidency He does not want it. He has had no training for it. He feels that he would "make a mess" of it. "I am a sailor," he says.

The Atlanta Constitution remarks that while a Democratic paper, it "has no bullets to fire into the backs of the men who are awaiting Aguinaldo's attack."

A State convention of Truckers will held in Raleigh on Wednesday of the State Fair, October 18th.

DEWEY'S RECEPTION.

The reception of Admiral Dewey at New York last week was without paralle. No living American has seen it equalled. It was a demonstration worthy of the Hero of Manilla. In the Naval parade on Thursday a thousand vessels took part, and millions of people thronged the shores and made the welkin ring with cheers. The land parade on Friday capped the climax, the earth being made to tremble under the tread of Fifty thousand men. It was really the wonder of modern times. The militia of fifteen States and the veterans of the Civil and Spanish Wars swelled the procession and added to its dignity.

North Carolina was represented by her Chief Magistrate and three Companies of Troops.

The Admiral left New York for Washingt on on Monday and the journey was an ovation all along the route. The citizens of the Nation's Capital had made every preparation to make the Reception and Welcome the greatest ever paid to any man. The decorations, the bunting, the designs and the parade exceeded anything ever seen in Washington.

THE UNIVERSITY.

The opening of the 105th session of the University on September the 18th was the most prosperous one of its entire history. Four hundred and fifty-five students, exclusive of the Summer School, had registered at the close of the first week, representing eighty-seven Counties, oleven States and Japan. Two hundred and fourteen of these were new students. The College buildings are full and the town is filling rapidly. Numbers of these students are sustaining themselves by all forms of honorable work. The standard of admission has been raised, so that now it is the equal of any institution in the South. Two new buildings are going up and growth is everywhere apparent. The new students show evidence of good preparation, and the preparatory schools of the State ore to be congratulated for the high quality of work they are doing.

CAN'T DEFEAT IT.

An Independent Journal in the Western part of the State says it is no wonder honest Democrats of that section cannot say anything in defense of their election law. Their leaders denounced as liars those who said in the last campaign that Democratic success meant disfranchisement to the illiterate, and the present election law to force down the throats of voters this disfranchisement scheme is too much for an honest Democrat to try to defend.

Chairman Simmon's told the people last fall that if the Democrats were elected they would not attempt to disfranchise a single vote, white or colored.

What the Democrats want now is an issue. The national committee might offer a prize for the best suggestion.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Sep. 29, 1899.

No man was more deeply interested in the preparations for Admiral Dewey's welcome to Washington than President McKinley, who in addition to being a personal friend of the Admiral has a boundless admiration for the manner in which he performed his difficult duties of commander of the Asiatic Squadron from the day he entered Manilla Bay and destroyed the Spanish fleet to the day he left for home. There is also another reason why President McKinley is glad that Admiral Dewey is coming to Washington. He has another position for him to fill—that of Adviser-in-chief on the Philippine affairs—which is an important one, although it will carry no official title. The President has not determined upon a Philippine policy, further than that to put down the rebellion and restore law and order on the islands. He has absolute confidence in Admaral Dewey's judgment, and there is little doubt that his advice will be a powerful factor in deciding what the Philippine policy of the President will be after peace has been restored; and the fact that Admiral Dewey will be the Presidential adviser will be likely to cause Congress, the members of which have the same confidence in him that everybody else feels, to endorse whatever Philippine policy may be finally determined upon.

The publication of a story alleging a serious difference of opinion between members of the Board of Constructien as to the speed which the battleship authorized at the last session of Congress should have was not warranted by facts. There is no such difference of opinion. On the contrary, the board is unanimously in favor of obtainining as great speed as possible. Rear Admiral Melville, who is a member of the board, said on the subject: "Each member of the board is striving to secure for the Navy ships that will be superior to any yet built. Naturally the preliminary designs, tentatively drawn up by each member of this board, will differ, and the problem before the board be to secure in the designs that which it, as a body, deems to include as many as possibl advantages of every proposal by any of its members. In the matter of speed, each member of the board seems to desire as high speed as possible, consistent with the maintenance of the other offensive and defensive qualities of the ship."

The Pope's appointment of Archbishop Chappelle, of New Orleans to be Apostolic Delegate to the Philppines, was received in official circles, as it is believed that the moral effect upon the islands of putting an American at the head of the Catholic church will be good, just as it has been in Cuba and Porto Rico, to both of which Archbishop Chappelle was appointed Apostolic Delegate more than a year ago.

The President and Mrs. McKinley held a special reception in honor of the delegates, who came from all parts of the civilized world, to the seventh council of the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance, now sitting in Washington.

Owing to Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Brewer, of the U. S. Supreme Court, being delayed in Paris by the British-Venezuela court of aabitration, of which they are members, the prize case in which Rear Admiral Sampson and the officers and men of the North Atlantic Squadron are interested cannot be taken up by the Supreme Court upon the day set, October 16, the importance of the case being such that it is desired that it shall be heard and passed upon by a full bench. The case in queston grew out of the prizes captured by the North Atlantic Squadron during blockade of Cuba. The amount involved is so large that the claims were by mutual consent of the Treasury officials and the Naval officers combined in a case to be decided by the Supreme Court.

An Enterprising Firm

There age few men more wide awake and enterprising than Alex. Wadsworth who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in his line for his many customers. He now has the agency for Dr. King's New Discovery, which surely cures Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is now producing so much excitement all over the country, by its many starling cures. It absolutely cures Asthama, Bronchitis, Nausia and all affectetions of the throat, chest and lungs. You can test it before buying, by calling at the above drug store and get a trial bottle free, or regular size for 50c and $1. Guaranteed to cure, or price refunded.

As to a Knitting Mill.

"That a knitting mill run on a large scale would pay in this city is without reasonable doubt," said a leading business man yesterday "All over the country knitting mills are running night and day. People in all civilized countries wear socks and stockings and underwear, The Raleigh cotton mills as I understand it, ships its yarn to New York to a commission merchant who reships it to a merchant in Germany, where it is sold to German knitting mills, then resold to a New York commission man. Then it is sold to a New York merchant. Then a Raleigh merchant sells to our people—rather a round about way to get your socks, etc.—Raleigh Post.

The Time Comes

to every elderly woman when an important functional change takes place. This is called "The Change of Life." The entire system undergoes a change. Dreadful diseases such as cancer and consumption are often contracted at this time.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

strengthens and purifies the entire system, and brings the sufferer safely over these pitfalls. Its effects have been wonderful. It is good for all menstrual troubles, but is especially recommended at this time. Ask your druggist for the famous Wine of Cardui. $1.00 a bottle.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOMAS J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says:—"My sister suffered from irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her, and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

Big Animals of Long Ago.

Most of the gigantic animals of geological eras belonged to species which have completely vanished, and of those which have living representatives it is difficult to say whether they have undergone a true change of size or whether the modern examples are merely survivals of smaller contemporary varieties. The larger animals have a tendency to disappear first in a partial failure of food supply. Gigantic armadillos closely resembling those of the present day were formerly abundant in South America. The remains of huge sloths are found in Cuba and North America. Sharks attaining a length of more than 100 feet are found in comparatively recent fossil deposits. Another fish which represents a larger prehistoric species is the American bony pike, which is one of the few survivals of the enormous ganoids of the secondary strata. The tiny nautilus of the present day had kindred 10 or 12 feet long in early times. Another small shellfish, the pteropod, whose delicately complex structure is packed in an inch of shell, is found in fossil remains to have reached the respectable length of a couple of feet.

Kansas Husbands.

A woman takes great consolation in thinking that some day when she is laid in the cold, cold ground her husband will wish he had her back to tell her how sorry he is that he treated her so mean. She imagines him weeping over the sod and wishing he could see her, if only for a moment, to ask her forgiveness. But he will not appear in such a scene. On the contrary, he will probably be chasing after some other woman.—Atchison Globe.

The Raleigh Post speaks of the Craig law as "lingering in a state of suspended animation," and the railroad commission "has got tangled up in the courts." It might also have remarked on numerous other "laws" of the last legislature that have cause to be shy of the courts. Our minds naturally revert to these when eminent members of the same legislature advance themselves as authorities on the constitutionality of their suffrage measure.—Ex.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Alex. Wadsworth, druggist.

Begin to Realize.

Since it has become known that ex-Congressman Thomas Settle favors the amendment because he is in favor of an educational qualification to vote and believes the fifth section clearly unconstitutional, and that it will be knocked out, thus leaving illiterate whites and blacks both disfranchised, Democrats begin to realize that they have obtained more than they bargained for and have dropped him like one would a hot potato.—Chatham Citizen

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take: try them Only 25cts. Money back if not cured Sold by A. Wadsworth druggist.

The Democratic election law of North Carolina provides for thugs at the polls to see that Democratic frauds are successfully perpetrated. When Congress proposed a "force bill" these fellows cried out in horror. That was to prevent fraud, this is to perpetrate it. It seems that there is no crime against the people that lust for office will not prompt a Democratic leader to commit. The only question is, "Will it get me in?"—Asheville Register.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. Life-Saving Service, Washington, D. C., September 27, 1899. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock, p. m., of Tuesday, Oct. 10, 1899, to furnish the amounts of forage required at certain life-saving stations on the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, full information in regard to which can be obtained upon application to the Superintendent of the 6th Life-Saving District, Shawboro, N C., or to this office. Horace L. Piper, Acting General Superintendent

Lake Drummond Canal
OPENED.

The Lake Drummond Canal and Water Co., wish to give notice that the Old Dismal Swamp Canal route between Norfolk and Elizabeth City is now open for business, and that a tug boat will leave every other day except Sunday, commencing August 28th, making trips as follows: Leave Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning leave Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

The Canal Co. insures nine feet of water at present time between the locks, and in a few weeks they will have ten feet of water in the canal. The company has dredged fifteen feet in depth for a distance of three thousand feet below the lock at Deep Creek. They have also made deep water below South Mills lock, in the waters of the Pasquotank River. The Canal Company has dredged the old Turner's Cut to the depth of ten feet at low water. Thus far the Canal Company can insure a sufficient depth of water.

The Canal Company would not at present guarantee a safe passage between Norfolk and Elizabeth City for boats drawing more than seven and a half feet of water, as the Pasquotank has one shoal place, and Deep Creek at low water has not more than seven and a half feet at the present time.

The government has appropriated money to deepen and widen Deep Creek, and also to deepen and straighten the waterway of the Pasquotank River. This work is to commence at once. The company in the mean time intend to improve and widen the canal, and in the near future the Canal Company believes that they will have a canal and waterway between the points named that cannot be excelled in this country.

J. S. SANFORD, V. P.

Information can be had at the office of A. M. Marshall Tug Boat Office Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va.

Information as to where to leave or receive freights, and of the boat's landing place can be had a Hathaway Bro.'s corner of Main and Water, streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

2 LARGE STORES
CONNECTED
and UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Leaders of Low Prices.

We believe in doing FAIR SQUARE things to everybody; no better rule than this. It is the principal

THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

J. A. Hooper & Co.,
THE LOW PRICE STORE,
NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S

A LOVER'S FAREWELL.

Goodby forever, my darling,
Dear to me even now,
Though I give you back your promise
And release you from your vow.
I have learned that the love I sought for
Had been given away before,
And I know that love in your nature
Is "love forever more."
Yet I wish you had not answered
In words so tender and fair,
For I could have borne it better,
Though it had been hard to bear.
If you had but told me truly
That your heart was given for aye,
I should not have known the sorrow
That crushes my heart today.

Yet, why should I weakly blame you
For the thoughts in my bosom hid?
'Twas my own fond heart that led me
To love you as I did.
And now I must hide my sorrow,
As I hid my hope before,
And put it away in silence—
To be spoken of no more.
For since I know I possess not
The love that had been such prize,
Shall I wait till my idol crumbles
To ashes before my eyes?
No! Rather farewell forever,
And long may the lovelight shine
On the fairer part you have chosen—
It will beam no more on mine.

Better if death had robbed me,
For then I could love you still.
Your memory would have nerved me
To work with a stronger will.
Now is my dream but a sorrow,
And my heart hath a sense of shame,
Remembering the empty promise
And the love that was only a name—
Remembering the flowers of joy
That brought a fruition of pain,
And the bliss that I held for an hour
I held it and lost it again.
I embarked my soul's best treasure
To drift on a boundless sea;
I have gathered life's fairest blossoms—
There will come no fruit to me.

E. E. FISHER.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousand have it and don't know it. If you want quick results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y

DON'T TRY TO MAKE MONEY BUT WATCH OTHERS DO IT, AND DREAM ABOUT IT YOURSELF

Have you $25 to invest?
Will you invest it?
If you have and will, write us for full particulars. Fortunes are made from small capital in speculation in stocks and grain.
Now is the time to make money.
Write us for particulars or for any information on the market. Reference furnished.
Address
SOUTHERN INVESTMENT CO.
Marine Bank Building, Baltimore, Md.

Parties answering this advertisement will please mention the Carolinian.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.

John Q. A. Wood, admist'r of Mary J. White, plaintiff, vs. John A. Lowe, Noah Brite, Mary Brite, Geo. H. Lowe and Zenas White, defend'ts } Order of Sale.

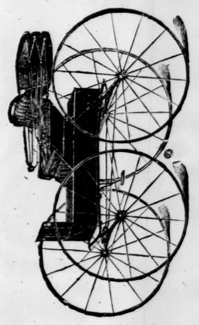
By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, made in the cause of John Q. A. Wood, Administrator of Mary J. White, plaintiff, against John A. Lowe and others, defendants, I shall offer for sale at the court house door in Pasquotank county, on Monday, September 18th, 1899, at 12, M., the following described land to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated in Mount Hermon Township in Pasquotank County and bounded on the North by the lands of Joshua Lowe tract owned by Elisha Harris and the Main Road going from Mount Hermon to Elizabeth City, on the East by the lands of Mrs. Ann Jane Harris, on the South by the lands of Elihu Only and on the West by the lands of Zion H. Berry, containining 32 acres, more or less, to make assets to pay the debts of the estate of Mary J. White.

Terms of sale: One-half cash and the balance in six months, with interest on deferred payments at six per cent. with privilege to purchaser to pay all cash.

J. Q. A. WOOD, Adm'r.
Aug. 16th, 1899.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of *Riding Vehicles*,

Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.

Repair Work a Specialty.

76 & 78 Poindexter St.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC	....CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.	BOON FOR MOTHERS ....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.
PURELY VEGETABLE never before put together in any form.	....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest known drugs discovered and are a scientific combination	PLEASE THE CHILDREN ....CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop headache and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, also all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.
ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE kind that breed and feed in the system.	....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any	CURE GUARANTEED ....CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.
LIVER STIMULANT their action easy and natural.	....CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making	HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS ....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that', sold, and infinitely superior.

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. strong Sold and guaranteed by all druggists

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Littleton, N. C.

Board, Laundry, Full Literay tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112.00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins Sept. 20, '99. For catalogue address
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Advance classes open to women; Tuition, $60 a year; Board $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers; Summer School for Teachers. 24 Instructors; 147 students. Total enrollment, 645. For catalogue address,
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Chapel Hill N. C

ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Will open its 22nd Annual Session on
SEPTEMBER 18th, 1899.

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School in Eastern North Carolina.
FIVE COURSES OF STUDY.

English Course, Classical Course, College Preparatory Course, Business Course, Musical Course.

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Special advantages in Music; Piano and Reed Organ.

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Elizabeth City, N. C.

The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina.

OFFERS TO YOUNG WOMEN thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $90 to $130; for non-residents of the State $150 Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils To secure board in dormitories; all free-tuition applications should be made before August 1. Correspondence invited from those desiring trained teachers. For catalogue and other information address
PRESIDENT McIVER,
Greensboro, N. C.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

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East Coast Cedar Company,
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A Free Trip to Paris!

Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write The PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Screens to Order.

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Stencils furnished at a moment's notice
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Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
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Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
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S. B. Miller & Co.
Established 1841.
WHOLESALE—

Commission Fish Dealers,
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Clarance G. Miller,
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Many people differ as to the best way to ride a Bicycle, though all admit the CRAWFORD is the best Bicycle to ride. Its many riders pronounce it the most desirable wheel on the market. Call and examine its merits and don't miss

Your Chance

to get a good wheel at less than half price. We have several second hand wheels in good condition at from $10 to $15; come at once before the best are sold.

Hathaway Bros.

The Jewelers,
Water Street,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor: T. B. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, Jr., Commander, J. L. Sawyer, J. B. Flora, B. F. Spence, W. H. Weatherly and Bryant Freeman; Clerk and Tax Collector, R. D. Commander; Treasurer, J. R. Ives-Bey; Chief of Police, W. C. Dunstan; Attorney, A. C. Bell and P. H. Ives as Assistant Attorney; S. B. Leigh, Street Commissioner; Wm. Weeks, Tree Commissioners, A. K. Kramer; Dr. A. F. Aydlett, Health Officer.

Collector of Customs—Talemon John.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, T. H. Johnston, pastor. Methodist Protestant, at Whedbee Building. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hester, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in court House every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, W. H. Clayton, pastor; Corinthian, Z. B. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch Lake Pierce, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic, Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, J. W. M., Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treasurer; D. R. Bradford Secretary; Jas. Montgomery, Tiler; Dr. A. Hooper and J. Adrian Seward, E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; Clay Foreman N. G.; W. H. Zoeller, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'y. G. W. Lindsay, Treasurer.

Talula Encampment No. 8; D. M. Simons, C. P.; T. M. Cord, H. P.; N. Garrett, S. W.; J. F. Simpson, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; Jo. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gurkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Wah Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Latham, Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. F. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S. L. Sharp; Board of Education: John D. Fulmer, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sharp, Prest.
Select School, L. S. Ellett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

T. T. WHITCOMB, RENTAL AGENT, Office in the Carolinian Building.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., Offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M MEEKINS,
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

KEATON'S HOTEL,

W. H. KEATON, Prop.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

N.G Grandy&CO

BROKERS

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

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Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly filled

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. If biousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

MONEY can be easily and honorably, by the right person, either sex, young or old, and in their own locality, wherever they live. One can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We want you to think. You can do it in your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is entirely new, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, October 5, 1899.

☞ Do what you promise.

☞ Honesty is the best policy

☞ Cotton is opening rapidly and picking is in lively progress.

☞ Everything points to a good advance in the price of cotton

☞ Splendid weather the past few weeks for all kinds of out door work.

☞ Vessels are now regularly plying through the Dismal Swamp Canal.

☞ Active work on the "Jackson Road" has begun. It will now be vigorously prosecuted.

☞ Chowan Court at Edenton this week. Gates Court at Gatesville next week.

☞ We are glad to announce that the Knitting Mill stock has about all been subscribed. We repeat, this is an important new enterprise.

☞ The Electric Railway enterprise is not defunct. Several causes have delayed action. Parties are investigating, with encouraging prospects.

☞ On the 27th ult., at the Hotel Central, Mr. C. E. Channing and Miss Nonie Ward, both of Norfolk, were united in the bonds of matrimony. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. S. C. Davis.

☞ The indications are that the oyster business here will be large. In addition to Robinson's big Factory and Hemmingway's in the Lathrop building, a party from Baltimore will occupy the Alex. F. Davis oyster house.

☞ On September 19th, at Sabillasville, Md., whither she had gone for her health, Mrs Kate Mathews Pentz, of Baltimore, departed this life, She was born and reared in Elizabeth City and was a most estimable lady.

☞ A former citizen, for some time residing in another part of the State on renewing his subscription, writes:

Though not agreeing with the CAROLINIAN in its politics I continue to take it because it keeps me best posted in the local news from my old home.

☞ The Atlantic Collegiate Institute, we are pleased to learn, opened the present session with a larger number of students and from a greater area of territory than ever before. It has taken rank with the best educational institutions in the State.

☞ At the regular meeting of the County Commissioners on Monday the usual routine business was transacted. The Chairman informs us that the building and repairs of the bridges in the county are becoming formidably expensive.

☞ Mr. J. A. Burgess, who located here about three years ago and engaged in selling Organs and Sewing Machines, because of suffering from Bright's disease, he left a few week's ago for his former home at Washington, N. C., where he died on the 26th ult.

☞ Lieut. W. A. Failing, of the Revenue Cutter Service, who has been stationed here for some time as Assistant Inspector of the Life-Saving Stations of this District, has been relieved and ordered to take command of the U. S. Steamer Manhattan, at New York. Both he and his estimable wife and daughter have very many warm friends here who sincerely regret their leaving. The Lieutent left yesterday.

☞ We acknowledge a pleasant social call on Tuesday from Hon. S. G. Worth, Superintendent of the U. S. Fish Commission Station at Edenton. His visit here was a business one in connection with the dwelling about to be erected there. We doubt if there is another man so well informed in all that relates to the finny tribe in our North Carolina waters From his first visit here years ago, he has felt an intrest this place and kept himself posted. He says that he thinks it is one of the *livest* towns in the the State. Mrs Worth accompanied him on his visit here.

☞ Now that the children are in school again it should be seen to that the school conditions are what they should be. It has been suggested that where parents, teacher and committee men are careless, the family physician and especially the public health officer have a duty to perform in the premises—a duty to the boys and the girls themselves, and a duty to the community Proficiency in the school text books is a matter of secondary importance. The most important are the children's welfare. The school should dismiss the boys and girls in ruddy health—fit for the tasks of life. If, instead of this, it breaks their health down by unduly long hours, overstudy, bad air, etc., it ceases to be the blessing intended.

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

☞ At the State Museum there is a two-headed snake and a two-headed kitten.

☞ Sheriff A F. Riddick, of Perquimans, took four convicts to the Penetentiary last week.

☞ No man ever did a designed injury to another but at the same time he did a greater to himself.

☞ A Mr. Day, of Ohio, claims to have grown an odorless onion. Again are we reminded that we can never know what a Day may bring forth,.

☞ Inquisitive people are said to be the funnels of conversation; they do not take in for their own use, but to pass it to another.

☞ The industrious man is apt to score several hits while the indolent man is looking around for an easier target.

☞ It is all well enough to call things by their right names, but there are times when it should be done in a whisper.

☞ There are two kinds of fools in this world for which there is no earthly hope of wisdom. One is afraid of nothing and the other is afraid of everything.

☞ Dunn's last Weekly Review says: "September is the 12th consecutive month in which the volume of business, both at New York and outside of New York, has been greater than in any previous year.

☞ "Why did you marry?" asked the old maid of the wife who was generall believed to be unhappy. "Among other reasons," was the pointed reply, "I may mention the fact that I was invited."?

☞ A disastrous fire occurred at West Norfolk on Saturday night, destroying a large saw mill, a dry kiln, several stores and sixty dwellings, rendering homeless about 120 families, mostly colored.

☞ Mr. Wm. Gordon, of Sligo, Currituck county, committed suicide at his home on Saturday by shooting himself with a pistol. He was well known in this community. His age was about 66 years.

☞ At a regular meeting of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, held on Tuesday night, the membership was voluntarily assessed 50 cents each for the benefit of the widow of their brother J. A. Burgess deceased.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ WANTED—A neat and intelligent young man; one acquainted with the business community of Elizabeth City preferred. Address The J. Marcus Co., 19 South Fourth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

☞ FOR RENT: Two front Rooms, second story of the CAROLINIAN Building. Rent reasonable.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of egant styles.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:01 and will set to-night at 5:35.—J. A. Hooper & Co., on Water street, are receiving their Fall and Winter stock of goods. They have a fine assortment and are up-to-date in quality and style.—There is something wrong with the man who does not secretly love praise.—Mr. J. B. Flora has returned from his outing in the mountains.—Silence gives consent, but it doesn't give a cent.—Mrs. Maf Baker has been visiting relatives and friends in Norfolk.—A man of integrity will never listen to any plea against conscience.—The Stars and Stripes floated from the CAROLINIAN office on "Dewey Day," with a picture of the great Admiral and his ship.—They that know no evil will suspect none.—Mrs. John Ziegler, jr., and Miss Mary are visiting friends at Baltimore.—Saith the Poet:

Our pleasures are like poppies spread,
We seize upon the flower, its bloom is shed;
Or like the snowflake in the river,
A moment white; then melts forever.

—No one will maintain that it is better to do injustice than to bear it.—Mrs. A. Huckabee is off on a visit to Portsmouth, Baltimore and Washington City.—Influence is the exhalation of character.—Mr. John Crank is off on a visit to friends at Powell's Point.—A grateful dog is better than an ungrateful man.—Hon. P. H. Morgan, Superintendent of this Life-Saving District, was in the city on Friday.—It will do to change for the better.—Dr. Wm. H. Morris, Veternary Surgeon, is a proud and happy man. His wife presented him the other morning with what he declares is "the finest baby in towu."—In a discusion a few days ago down town certain sanctimonious Deacon declared that he voted as he prayed, whereupon a man in the crowd said: "Confession is good for the soul Tell us now whether you vote early and often, or wheather you pray only once a year?" The Deacon looked hurt.—This the Versifier's latest:

The summer man is home again,
He's had his little whirl
Upon the wide veranda with
The lovely summer girl.
He tells us of his flirting with
The maid so fair and trim,
She prattles on concerning how
She made a fool of him.

—The Naval Reserves fired 17 guns in honor of "Dewey Day."—The Old Bachelor says that leading a woman to the altar is usually a man's last act of leadership.—Little Ruby Hazel, the one-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Davis, died on Friday.—Many a man who gets a hearing in Court hears something he don't like.—Mrs. F. M. Cook, who has been off on a summer trip to Mountain Lake Park and other points in Maryland and Virginia, has returned.—"Anyway," said little Johnny, "the way they keep changin' things now-a-days, I know more about joggafy than the joggafy itself."—Messrs. E. F. and S. S. Lamb have removed their law office to the Lowry Building on the corner of Main and Poindexter streets.—

Some men are natural leaders born,
and some are poets made;
Some win through politics, and some
gain wealth in trade;
But of the entire human race these
form but a small slice,
For the average man prefers to stand
around and give advice.

—The steam Tug Mollie Farmer is on Scott's railways undergoing repairs.—Some politicians take more pride in their influence than in their integrity.—Mrs Nannie E. Murray, daughter of Capt E. W. Hill, died at her father's residence on Thursday.—A certain young lady on being congratulated on her engagement, was asked, "how under the sun did he ever screw up courage enough to propose?" Her answer was, "He didn't. It was under the moon."—We acknowldge a very entertaining visit at our home a few evenings ago from our highly esteemed friend Maj. J. W. Greene, of Alexandria, Va., who, with Mrs. Greene, has been spending several months visiting their daughter at the Rectory. The Major feels a deep interest in our town and expresses the opinion that it is destined to have a population of 25,000 people.—"In what condition was the patriarch Jacob at the end of his life?" asked the Sunday School Teacher. "Dead, sir," replied a little boy in the class.—It was Robert Burns who wrote:

The Power that raised and still
upholds
This universal frame,
From countless, unbeginning time,
Was ever just the same.

—We learn that the Contractor will begin the work on paving Poindexter street next week.—Sunday next will be the 10th Anniversary of Rev. L. L. Williams' Rectorship of the Episcopal Church here. He will deliver a special discourse on the occasion.—More new buildings going up.—Rev. R. C. Beaman, pastor of the Methodist Church, will, for several months, devote the first Sunday mornings to special sermons for Boys and Girls. The subject on last Sunday morning was "Traps." Every boy and girl in the City ought to go and hear these discourses.—Thicker clothing and fires have been needed the past week for comfort.—The practical man devotes but little time to preaching.—One of our bank Cashiers remarked the other day that the depositeds indicated good times and money plentier.—Mr. W. G. Pool, after a short visit home, returned back to Raleigh on Tuesday.—J. Bush Leigh esq., has moved his Law office to the Citizens' Bank building. He calls it "Paradise Row." May it prove a professional Paradise for him—Our friend W. H. Basnight, of Dare, called this week and paid his respects.—Mr. L. C. Relf, a prominent farmer of Durant's Neck, was in the city on Tuesday. He reports that the crops in his section were cut short nearly one half by the late storm.—Mr. Robert Staples, residing on Dyer street, was found dead in his on bed Tuesday morning. His age was 62 years.—Mr. Fred. Davis, the old and reliable Coal Dealer, has received a full supply. He always gives good weight. Patronize him.—The Ladies' Cemetery Society will meet at Mrs S. L. Sheep's at 4 o'clock this afternoon.—Mrs. J. J. Perry and children are in Richmond visiting this week—Mr. Cam. W. Melick left for New York on Tuesday to attend to business for the Melick Mammoth Furnishing and Furniture Store on Water street.—Dr. J. B. Griggs returned from his visit North Tuesday. He took in the Dewey reception at New York and says it was a big thing beyond description.—Dr. Geo. I. Nowitzsky, of Norfolk, was in the city yesterday and gave us an entertaining call. He continues to bubble over with genality and is full of quaint humor as ever.—Mrs. J. W. Graves will leave tomorrow for Baltimore to be with her husband, who is Postal Clerk on one of the Bay Line steamers.—Major and Mrs J. W. Greene have returned to their home in Alexandria, Va.—Rev. U. S. Crowder called last evening in company with Rev. J. F. Dodd, of Newark, N. J., both of whom are here to attend the Methodist Conference which opens at the new church on Pearl street this morning and will be presided over by Bishop C. H. Fowler, of Buffalo, N. Y., who, with Mrs. Fowler, arrived yesterday.

A "GALA WEEK" ENTERTAINMENT.

The promoters of the "Gala Week" festivities at Greensboro in August when getting around to the night attractions at once decided on Bertram and Willard's pretty play "Captain Dick," and though it had been presented in that city three times during the season, on the night of its presentation on "Gala Week" every seat was sold long before the doors were opened, and numbers were turned away. The ladies of the Episcopal church and the Naval Reserves confidently expect a great house to greet "Captain Dick" on his return to Elizabeth City at the Academy of Music on next Tuesday night. Seats on sale at Selig's on Monday.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50c. Sold by A. Wadsworth druggist.

Columbia News.

The mill of the Branning Manufacturing Company has resumed work, after being shut down a few days.

Sheriff F. L. W. Cohoon has commenced work on his residence on Main street.

Prof. W. C. Alexander has accepted a position as teacher of East Lake Academy at Buffalo City, N. C.

Mrs. Harvey Terry is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. A. Kohloss, at this place.

Mr. D. A. Sample has moved to his new store on Broad street.

Revival services were held at Columbia Baptist Church last week.

We are glad to see Mr. D. O. Newberry out again after a short illness.

We are glad to see our old friend Mr. W. G. O'Neal in town again.

RILEY.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Standard Pharmacy,

COR. ROAD & FEARING STS.

DEALERS IN

CHOICE DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded by a
Registered Pharmacist.

MELICK.

MATTINGS.

Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS

Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Phildelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.

WINDOW SHADES

to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.

WALL PAPER.

Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.

FURNITURE.

We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.

MELICK, WATER ST.

Honest Weight and Measure

has brought me success in the Grocery business. Right here let me say that I have purchased the entire interest of my late partner, Mr. Berry, and will continue to fight on the line of

Pure and Fresh Groceries,

and merit your trade by square dealing, pure and fresh goods, polite attention and unselfish profits. I will constantly keep a supply of consisting of

FLOUR, MEAL,
HAMS, BACON.
MACKEREL, AND

a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.

Molasses, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all kinds of Jellies.

Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season. It

Is the Best Policy

to always buy the best goods. I also keep Soaps for the Toilet, Kitchen and Laundry; Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. I buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with me Give a call and be convinced.

C. F. Bliven,

MAIN STREET, NEAR WATER

Our Colored People

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

J. T. Lamb paid a brief visit to Hertford last Saturday.

S. B. Dozier, of Tulls, was in the city on Monday.

T. A. Watson, formerly of this place, but now of Hertford, was in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Sylvester, of Norfolk, has been spending a few days with relatives in our community.

Miss Sarah Watson has returned to her home in Martin after a short while spent here.

Wiliam E. Rumble, who has been North for several months, has been in the city for a few days.

A. W. Trueheart, of Hampton, was in town Monday.

W. C. Stubbs and wife, of Wilmington, O., have been in the city for a few days giving a series of concerts.

W. T. Brown, of Portsmouth, is spending a short while here.

Miss Clara B. Butler left Friday last for Greensboro to resume her studies at the A. & M. College.

The Lord's Supper was partaken of by a large number of communicants at Mt. Lebanon Church last Sunday night.

Roanoke Institute began its fourth annual session yesterday with a goodly number in attendance. Prof. J W. Robinson is in charge.

Rev. Berry being absent at Roper did not occupy his pulpit at Corner Stone Church as usual.

Rev. W. H. Greene delivered a very forceful and logical sermon at the Presbyterian Church Sunday morning.

Mrs. Lucy Harvey has returned to her home in Virginia after a short while spent with friends here.

The Good Samaritans of the city will hold entertainments tonight and tomorrow night.

Miss C. E. Stallings, of Gatesville, arrived Monday to accept a position in Roanoke Institute.

Mrs. S. F. Riddick, Rev Clayton and N. M. Batt have returned from Jamesville, where they attended the District Conference last week.

Mr. O. D. Cartwright, of Camden, was in the city Saturday.

The State Grand Lodge of Love and Charity met last week in Hamilton. Mrs. A. G. Brothers attended from here.

Announcement is made that Bishop A. Walters of the Virginia Annual Conference will be in the city on the 19th inst.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Jones spent Sunday very pleasantly with relatives at South Mills.

J. W. Winslow has returned to Philadelphia after a few weeks spent in this community.

Elijah Nixon, who was up a tree near Pitt's Chapel yesterday morning picking grapes, was fired into by a sportsman who was hunting for squirrels. Dr. C. W. Codwell was called to remove the shot

Some of our people seem desirous of establishing another public school in our city. With four good schools already in the town offering education free to all who will attend, it seems that our measure is about full. What we need is not more but better schools. Give us quality and not quantity.

The members of St. Philip's Chapel held a Fair last Friday evening for the benefit of their church. Some very excellent samples of needle and fancy work, displaying the artistic skill and ingenuity of the ladies in charge were displayed.

The State Colored

Normal School,

—OF—

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,

Offers excellent advantages to the youth of the Colored Race to receive thorough and practical training in the fundamental studies of the English branches The school aims to educate and train both sexes for teachers. Pedagogies, History of Education, Elements of Psychology, Drawing and Vocal Music are included in the course of instruction. Every teacher should know these branches. Tuition for the regular course is FREE. Board, Fuel, Lights and Room range from $5 to $7 per month. The Fall Term will begin

September 4th, 1899

Diplomas issued by State Superintendent Mebane will be granted to persons who complete the course of instruction. By the opening of the session $25 worth of good books will be put into the School Library and some repairs done on the building. Catalogue on application

P. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal.

New Colored Merchant

When in need of Family Groceries, Confectioneries and Stationery, stop in and examine our New Fresh Stock of goods before making your purchase.

We carrry a nice line of Flour, Meal, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Meats, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Cheroots, Candies, Cheese, Crackers, Oil, Soap, Lye, Starch, Soda, Baking Powders, Tinware, Stationery. You would be astonished at our low prices for stationery. Every variety of Paper, Tablets, Pens, and Ink. Our terms are Cash or Barter. I run on the small profit and quick sale system. Give us a trial. Respectfully,

J. W. ROBINSON,
No. 175 S. Road St.,

☞ Corn, Oats and Country Produce

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this out and mail to us and we will ship you our high GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell at $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay Special Offer Price $15.50 to the agent and freight charges. Machine weighs 150 pounds and the freight will average 15 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your money if not entirely satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our Large Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns in various localities offering unknown machines under various names, with exaggerated descriptions and extravagant claims and statements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not. We have been SELLING SEWING MACHINES FOR MANY YEARS, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.

THE BURDICK

This shows the machine closed ready to be used as a sewing table, stand or desk.

SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished, full length, automatic self-setting 5 drawers, handsomely carved, closed head dropping from sight to be used as a sewing table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing. 5 fancy drawers, lined with genuine silk plush, automatic self-setting shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension to regulate, improved loose wheel, adjustable pressure foot, improved stitch reverse, patent needle bar, patent dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully nickel trimmed. **GUARANTEED** the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable. Refer to any bank in Chicago.)

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50.

Address, **SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.**

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don t Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

POSITIONS SECURED. May deposit money for tuition in bank till position is secured, or will accept notes. **Cheap** board. **Car fare paid.** No vacation Enter any time. Open for both sexes. Catalogue **free.** Write to-day.

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS Colleges, Nashville, Tenn. Savannah, Ga. $ Galveston, Tex. Texarkana, Tex.

Indorsed by **merchants** and **bankers.** By far best patronized business colleges in South. Three months' bookkeeping with us equals **six** by the old plan. All commercial branches taught. For circulars explaining "**Home Study Course,**" address "Department A," For college catalogue, address "Department

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Educate FOR A Situation.

Address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.,

For circular of his famous and responsible

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY

Awarded Medal at World's Exposition.

Refers to thousands of graduates in positions. **Cost of Full Business Course** $40. Including Tuition, Books and Board in families $20.

Shorthand, Typewriting and Telegraphy also taught. Catalogue free. Write at once, mentioning this paper. Scholarships issued, transferable at a reduction. Time allowed if desired. Circulars free. Address as above. No vacations. Enter any time. Pupils assisted to positions when competent and successful. *In order to have your correspondence receive prompt attention, address only* WILBUR R SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot Ease.
A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Adr's Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

There are forty-five admirals in the French Navy.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

There are over 300 generals in the French Army.

IMPROVING ITS SERVICE.

New Dining Cars on the Southern Railway's Washington & Southwestern Limited.

The Southern Railway, which has become one of the most popular tourist and commercial lines in the country because of its superb service, splendid equipment and fast time, has just added two new dining cars to the equipment of the popular "Washington and Southwestern Limited."

This is one of the most famous trains in this country, carrying as it does through Pullman drawing-room, sleeping cars and library, observation and dining cars between New York, Washington and New Orleans, Mobile, Birmingham, Memphis, Knoxville, Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn., Asheville, N. C., and all the other cities of the South. These new dining cars are in keeping with the thoroughly high class equipment of this and the other trains of the Southern Railway, being quite similar to the beautiful diners operated on the "Congressional Limited" of the Pennsylvania Railroad between New York and Washington.

"The Washington and Southwestern Limited" leaves New York daily at 4.25 P. M. and Washington at 10.45 P. M., and the dining cars are operated between Greensboro, N. C. and Montgomery, Ala., furnishing breakfast, dinner and supper, the train arriving at New Orleans and other cities in time for early breakfast the next morning.

Russia consumes on an average no less than 7,000,000 tons of liquid fuel a year.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Indian bats measure six feet across the wings.

$100 Reward, $100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Several million small cameras are now in use in the United States.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Pearls are sometimes found in mussel shells.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1895.

In St. Petersburg the street railways are operated by horses.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

There were produced in Missouri in 1898 over 816,000 pounds of corncob pipes.

"The Prudent Man Setteth His House in Order."

Your human tenement should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly renovating your whole system through blood made pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then every organ will act promptly and regularly.

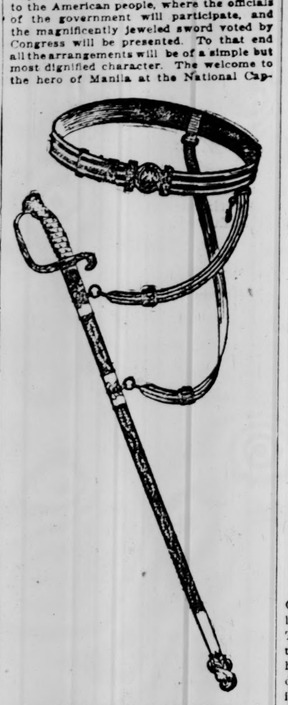
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Prison Life Conducive to Longevity.
For forty-two years George Knight, who murdered his wife in Poland, Androscoggin County, Maine, in 1856, has been serving his life sentence in the State prison at Thomaston. It is a remarkable record, without an equal in our State, and probably few equals anywhere. Of all the men who took a prominent part in the events which led up to his conviction, he alone is alive to-day. The Judge that sentenced him is dead. His counsel is dead. The County Attorney and the Attorney-General who conducted the case against him are dead. Dead, also, are the court officials and nearly all the jurymen, and yet these men lived a life of freedom and his has been passed within prison walls. He is now eighty-two years old, and is still in good health and clear of mind and eye. He was first sentenced to death, and we venture the opinion that he has regretted many times that this sentence was ever commuted.—Portland (Me.) Argus.

NATION'S GREETING TO DEWEY.

Features of the Reception to the Manila Hero in Washington.

The central idea underlying the grand welcome to be given Admiral Dewey in Washington the first week in October is its national character. His arrival at the Capital will mark his real home-coming to the American people, where the officials of the government will participate, and the magnificently jeweled sword voted by Congress will be presented. To that end all the arrangements will be of a simple but most dignified character. The welcome to the hero of Manila at the National Capital will probably occur on Monday, October 2, although the date will depend upon the length of the celebration in New York, which is still unsettled. The principal features of the reception in Washington, as planned by the citizens, with the cooperation of the President and Cabinet, will be two in number—the presentation of the sword voted by Congress and a night parade. A public reception at the White House will be followed by dinner to the Admiral by President McKinley. The sword will be presented by Secretary Long, at the east front of the Capitol, in the presence of Mr. McKinley and all the members of the Cabinet, late in the afternoon, while the parade, consisting of organizations of all kinds, will be accompanied by an illumination of the city on a scale of beauty never before witnessed in Washington.



Sword Voted by Congress to Dewey.

The different features of the preparations are in the hands of a central body of citizens and eleven committees, embracing in all over a thousand people. Preparations for the celebration have been in hand for over a month.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and other railroads entering Washington have agreed upon cheap rates for the celebration, and the committee expects that there will be an outpouring of patriotic citizens almost equal to the inauguration of a President.

Indian bats measure six feet across the wings.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The sun yields 800,000 times the light of the moon.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

A male child when born weighs one-sixth more than a female.

A Single Flower.
A single flower is sometimes better than two. One pansy has been known to brighten a whole house. A young woman in town who takes delight in giving flowers to her friends confines herself as a rule to just one. If the friend is ill she gets one luscious rose, a spray of lilies, one perfect chrysanthemum, or some other such flower. Of pansies, sweet peas, nasturtiums, etc., she takes a small bunch.

"I would not like to take so few," a friend remarked to her thoughtfully one day.

"No?" she replied. "Sometime I am thought stingy, I suppose; but I have learned that ordinarily I get more enjoyment out of one flower or a few than many. There is propriety in all things. I would not think of sending a single flower or a tiny bunch to a debutante, for instance; I would get the biggest my purse would afford, but when it is merely a token of remembrance, and 'I think of you and wish you well,' of one woman to another, I prefer a few. If it is a formal affair the many must rule. It is the informal sweetness of it that I like for one thing and for another the beauty of the flowers themselves. I have a vase at home that holds a single pansy. I revel in that vase with its posy. Two would spoil it."—Buffalo Express.

An Exception.
The Philosopher—"A young man should begin at the bottom and work his way up."

The Youth—"I can't very well do that. I am apprenticed to a well digger."—New York Journal.

DEWEY IS HOME

The Olympia Arrived in New York City Ahead of Time and Surprised Everybody.

ADMIRAL IN FINE HEALTH

Guns Boomed, Whistles Shrieked and People Cheered as the Flagship Entered the Harbor.

Admiral Dewey Was Overcome by the Greeting He Received—Saluted by the Forts as the Olympia Entered the Harbor—Affecting Meeting of the Admiral and His Son—Officially Welcomed by the Reception Committee and Made the Guest of New York City—Assistant Secretary Allen, of the Navy, Conveyed the President's Greeting to the Admiral—Dewey For the First Time in Many Months Placed His Feet on the Soil of His Native Land and Was Enthusiastically Cheered—Cruiser Chicago Joined the Fleet in Time For the Celebration.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The cruiser Olympia with Admiral Dewey and his gallant officers and men arrived in port early Tuesday morning, two days ahead of the time she was expected. Admiral Dewey has the faculty of surprising people wonderfully developed. He surprised the Spaniards in Manila, and now he surprised the millions of Americans who were watching and waiting for him by sailing into New York harbor even as he did into that of Manila, silently and before only the very few had become sufficiently awake to make even the first turn in their beds.

Notwithstanding their surprise the Reception Committee shook themselves together and informed the Admiral of the plans that had been made for his welcome, and to learn if he approved them. The plans met with Dewey's approbation, and accordingly the programme was carried out as arranged. The committee sailed down the bay to the Olympia on the police boat Patrol. Those present were Chauncey M. Depew, William McAdoo, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Navy; St. Clair McKelway, Warren W. Foster and Richard Croker. The other two members of the committee, Levi P. Morton and William C. Whitney, were unable to be on hand on such short notice, and in the absence of the latter St. Clair McKelway acted as chairman.

Alfred M. Downes, private secretary to Mayor Van Wyck, was the first to mount the gangway. Then came St. Clair McKelway. They were received by Lieutenant Brumby.

Then St. Clair McKelway, as the spokesman, said:

"I have to say that we come as a Sub-Committee of the Reception Committee with the representative of the Mayor to personally appraise you of the fact that, as you are now anchored in our waters, you are not only legally in our jurisdiction but a guest of the city."

Admiral Dewey explained that he thought the weather too threatening to wait out at sea, especially as the Olympia has one of her propellers damaged. After the interviews the members of the Reception Committee proceeded from the flagship to the police boat and back to the city.

There was a heavy mist and drizzle off Sandy Hook when the marine observer, at 5.45 o'clock described the white cruiser bearing up from the southward. Her progress into the harbor even at that early hour was not without suitable greeting. The steam pilot station boat was the first to make itself heard, and her steam siren fairly rent the murky atmosphere with its screeching portamento. Then up went on the signal halyards of the pilot boat a string of little code flags, and the signal officer on the flagship read the word "Welcome." The Olympia signaled back "Thanks." Salutes were also exchanged with the Sandy Hook and Scotland Light vessels.

It was at 7.15 that the Olympia, threading her way through the channel, had Fort Hancock, on Sandy Hook, abeam. Then outspake the big guns of the fort with an Admiral's salute. This is seventeen guns. It was the first salute to an incoming vessel ever fired from the fort, and it was the first time in over thirty years that the flag of an Admiral had been saluted in this port. The Olympia returned the salute. It was the first time that her guns, which spoke so effectively at Manila, had awakened the echoes on this coast.

Rear-Admiral Philip, the commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was informed of the Olympia's arrival while at breakfast. He called together the officers of the yard and read them the telegram announcing that Dewey was here. Rear-Admiral Philip then gave orders that the silver service and the bronze tablet presented by the city of Olympia to the cruiser, and the gun-metal medals for the Olympia's crew be put on board the navy yard tug Traffic. Lieutenant Dewey of the receiving ship Vermont, a nephew of the Admiral, was ordered by the commandant to deliver these gifts to the flagship. There was no formal presentation of the gifts. They were simply put on board and given over to the care of the Admiral.

Sir Thomas Lipton was one of the first to get aboard the Olympia and greet the Admiral. Later the Admiral called upon Sir Thomas aboard the Erin. Rear-Admiral Philip and his aids paid an official visit to Dewey, while Rear-Admiral Sampson, with Captain Chadwick and Lieutenant-Commander Winslow, had paid their respects only a few moments before.

Like most self-contained men, Admiral Dewey's feelings are intense when stirred. This was plainly shown when he grasped the hand of his only child, George G. Dewey, who had hurried down the bay to meet his father as soon as he heard the Olympia was sighted. The young man was welcomed up the gangway by the officer in charge. Naturally he was very much excited and was very nervous. He had not seen his father in two years and he was all a-tremble as he stepped on board. Admiral Dewey had just bid goodbye to Admiral Sampson when his son approached him.

"How are you, father?" said the boy.

The Admiral turned like a shot, with a remark, "Well, bless my heart, so it is," and in an instant he had him by the arm and down in his cabin. There they were left alone, and if the President himself had come, there was not an officer on the Olympia who would have interrupted them for a while.

Admiral Dewey brought his flagship into the harbor, and, amid a deafening uproar of welcome from the guns of the North Atlantic Squadron and the steam whistles of more peaceful craft, dropped anchor at the head of the line of warships off Tompkinsville. Sir Thomas Lipton's Erin has a siren whistle and that blew and shrieked, and everything in the neighborhood with steam to do up. There was a mighty stirring, however, until the Olympia came within sight of Fort Wadsworth and then the noise began for fair. The Olympia's guns thundered back their answer to Wadsworth; then came Fort Hamilton and again the Olympia responded. All the time the steam whistles made bedlam. In addition to the steam whistles and the thunder of cannon there were the wild yells of the people on board the boats and of the people along the shore, for the shores on both sides of the Narrows were crowded. Fort Hamilton's two salutes, the thunder of the guns from the fleet of warships began. There was the New York, the Chicago, the Massachusetts, the Indiana, the Texas, the Lancaster and the Dolphin. They all had the noisiest welcome the Admiral that it was possible for them to make.

For the first time since he went on the Asiatic Squadron, nearly two years ago, Admiral Dewey on Wednesday trod the soil of his native land. The occasion for this was his formal return visit to Rear-Admiral Philip, Commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The Admiral spent half an hour there, and then returned to his flagship to receive more calls. Perhaps the most pleasant of these was made by a party of the Admiral's relatives, who remained for a full hour with him on the Olympia.

Major Burbank, commandant of Fort Hancock, with his staff, was one of the earliest callers of the day. Not long after that Charles H. Allen, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, came on board, charged by President McKinley to convey his respects and the good wishes. Admiral Dewey himself stood at the head of the gangway to welcome him. As he came on board Mr. Allen saluted the Admiral and said:

"I welcome you, Admiral, and take this, the first opportunity, to congratulate you in the name of the Navy."

"Thanks, thanks," said the Admiral heartily; "thank you, indeed."

Rear-Admiral Howison, whose flagship, the Chicago, had sailed into port only that morning, came next. In a short time Dewey returned Howison's call, that made by Rear-Admiral Sampson, and those made by the captains of the Brooklyn, the Indiana, the Massachusetts and the Texas.

The officers all had stories to tell about the battle of Manila itself, and so had the members of the crew, and they told them until they were tired of telling. The bugler displayed the bugle, the call of which opened the battle, and it looked as if it had been displayed ever since. It was battered up, and every bit of plaiting was worn off it. In addition to the bugle there were any number of relics of the battle. Every man had something. There were Spanish shells, exploded and unexploded, pieces of cannon, pieces of ships, a hundred and one things taken from the arsenal and from Spanish sailors and Spanish soldiers. As the men told the story of the battle over and over again, they pointed up at the blue flag with four white stars that flew from the Olympia's main truck, and they were as proud of the promotion of "the old man" into the highest rank in the navy as they were of their own achievement on May 1, 1898.

THE COUNTRY'S JOY.

Celebrations in Many Places When the News Was Received.

MONTPELIER, Vt. (Special).—The news of the arrival in New York of Admiral Dewey was greeted with firing cannon, crackers and cheering.

NORTHFIELD, Vt. (Special).—The receipt of the news of Admiral Dewey's arrival was the signal for a demonstration, in which all the bells and whistles in town joined, while the cannon on Norwich University grounds gave the Admiral's salute.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—The news of the arrival of the flagship Olympia in New York was immediately followed by the firing of an Admiral's salute from the harbor forts and war vessels in the bay, and by blowing of sirens and ringing of fire bells.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—The big bell in the tower of historic Independence Hall rang out a salute in honor of Admiral Dewey's arrival home. When the news of the Admiral's arrival in New York was received here Mayor Ashbridge ordered the ringing of the bell, and seventeen strokes, the Admiral's salute, was tolled.

COLUMBIA, S. C. (Special).—An artillery salute of seventeen guns was fired in front of the State Capitol in celebration of the arrival of Admiral Dewey.

RICHMOND, Va. (Special).—An artillery salute of seventeen guns was fired in the Capitol grounds here in honor of the arrival at New York of Admiral Dewey.

MORRISTOWN, N. J. (Special).—In compliance with Mayor Qunyle's request, church and fire alarm bells were rung, steam whistles blown, and a salute of seventeen guns fired in honor of Admiral Dewey's arrival.

LONG'S GREETING TO DEWEY.

No Surprise in Navy Department at the Admiral's Unexpected Arrival.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Not the slightest surprise was expressed at the Navy Department over the arrival of the Olympia before her scheduled time. One of the officers on duty in the department remarked dryly that Dewey had a habit of surprising people.

The Navy Department sent this formal message of welcome to Admiral Dewey:

"Navy Department, Washington.
"To Admiral George Dewey, Sandy Hook:

"The department is happy to learn of your safe arrival, and extends to you and your officers and crew the most cordial welcome. JOHN D. LONG."

FATAL WRECK NEAR AUBURN.

New York Central Passenger and Freight Trains Collide.

AUBURN, N. Y. (Special).—A head-end collision between a New York Central passenger train and a freight train occurred just west of Old Flat Bottom Bridge, about half a mile west of the city, and as a result three people are dead, two fatally injured and four seriously injured. The dead are: Emmet Lanctot, of Rochester, engineer on the freight train; J. G. Curry, of Rochester, fireman on the freight train; R. J. Frew, of Geneva, baggageman on the passenger train, and James E. King, of Skaneateles.

At the place where the accident happened there is a sharp curve, the sharpest that is met for several miles. The Central authorities state that the trains run about twenty-five miles an hour at this point. The freight train, several hours late, was making fast time, and when the two came in sight the speed was so great that a stop could not be made.

Killed in a Head-End Collision.

OSKALOOSA, Iowa (Special).—A head-end collision occured on the Northwestern Railway, between a passenger train southbound, with forty passengers and a coal train drawn by two locomotives. The three engines and fourteen cars were demolished, the wreckage being piled forty feet high. Two engineers, the conductor of the passenger train, and a fireman of the freight were killed. Fireman Baxter and Culp were seriously injured.

MURDERED AT HIS OWN GATE.

Ten Men Went Up to Joseph Rutkosky and One Killed Him With a Hatchet.

SHENANDOAH, Penn. (Special).—Joseph Rutkosky, of William Penn, a suburb of this city, was standing at his front gate conversing with a neighbor, and his wife and seven-year-old son were looking on, when ten men rushed up to the house. The leader pulled out a hatchet which he had concealed under his coat and deliberately struck Rutkosky on top of the head, crushing his skull. Immediately the assassins took to their heels and escaped. Rutkosky died in a short time.

The citizens went wild with excitement on hearing of the murder. A party was organized and started in pursuit of the murderers who had made their way to the mountains. There seven suspected men were captured and put in jail in this city. They are John and Anthony Senkawicka, Mathew and Raleigh Bubnis, Charles Kutchis, Michael Brozesky and Andrew Kurnis. Raleigh Bubnis, it is alleged, is the one who struck the blow. The crowd threatened to lynch them before they were locked up in jail. No reason is assigned for the murder other than Mr. Rutkosky was mistaken for another man.

Exploding Boiler Kills Three.

The boiler at Henderson & Mangus's gin at Pottsborough, Texas, blew up a few days ago, demolishing the building and killing Engineer Grant Cordor, Pressman Nunn Steele, and a boy named Jones. A Miss Jones, sister of the boy, had both feet blown off and her hip broken.

ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

40

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2¼c ₱ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	23,185
Condensed milk, cans	173
Cream, cans	670

BUTTER.

Creamery—West. extras	—	@	23
Firsts	21	@	22
Thirds to seconds	17	@	20½
State—Thirds to firsts	17	@	22
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	21
Imitation Creamery	15	@	18
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	15½
Low grades	13½	@	14½

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy	10¾	@	11
Small	11¼	@	11½
Part skims, good to prime	8	@	9
Full skims	—	@	4

EGGS.

Nearby—Fancy	21	@	22
Western—Choice	19	@	20
Southern	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 75
Medium, 1898	1 40	@	1 42½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 40
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 70	@	1 80
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 95	@	2 00
Yellow eye	1 45	@	1 47½
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 75	@	2 77½
Green peas, bags	1 07½	@	1 10

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, green, ₱ bbl	50	@	2 00
Red, ₱ bbl	1 25	@	2 75
Grapes, Del., ₱ case	75	@	1 00
Pears, Seckle, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	6 00
Cooking, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 75
Bartlett, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Plums, State, ₱ basket	50	@	1 50
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	4 50

HOPS.

State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fair to prime	10	@	12
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	13	@	14
Common to prime	10	@	12½
Old odds	3	@	6

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	11
Chickens, ₱ lb	9½	@	10
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	11
Ducks, ₱ pair	40	@	60
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 37
Pigeons, ₱ pair	15	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	11
Broilers, Phila., ₱ lb	12	@	17
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	—	@	11
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	14	@	15
Geese, Eastern spr ng, ₱ lb	13	@	16
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 50	@	2 50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	77½	@	80
Clover mixed	57½	@	67½
Clover	40	@	50
Straw—Long rye	47½	@	55

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 25	@	1 62
Jersey, ₱ bbl	90	@	1 37
Sweet, Jersey, ₱ bbl	1 75	@	2 25
Cabbages, L. I., ₱ 100	2 00	@	8 50
Onions, Eastern red, ₱ bbl	—	@	1 00
Orange Co. red, ₱ bag	50	@	80
Tomatoes, Jersey, ₱ box	20	@	30
Squash, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 00
Turnips, white, ₱ bbl	—	@	75
Peas, ₱ basket	1 75	@	2 00
Lima beans, ₱ bag	50	@	1 25
String beans, ₱ basket	50	@	60
Peppers, ₱ bbl	40	@	75
Cucumbers, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	3 50
Green corn, ₱ 100	20	@	50
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	60	@	1 00
Celery, ₱ doz	10	@	40
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter Patents	3 60	@	3 80
Spring Patents	3 90	@	4 10
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	80¼
No. 2 Red	—	@	76
Corn—No. 2	39¾	@	41
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	30½
Track mixed	28¾	@	30
Rye—Western	65½	@	66
State	—	@	61
Lard—City steam	5.30c	@	5.35c

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	9¾
Calves, city dressed	9¾	@	12
Country dressed	6	@	11
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	3 00	@	4 50
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	4 25	@	5 75
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	4 90	@	5 05
Country dressed	4¼	@	7½

BEEF PRICES GO UP.

Highest Rate Since 1882 For Cattle on the Hoof—An Increasing Demand.

CHICAGO (Special).—Steaks cost Chicago people two or three cents a pound more, as a result of another increase in the price of beef.

Cattle on the hoof are selling at $6.90 a hundred pounds, which is the highest price reached since 1882. As an explanation of the continual increase in prices, the packers say the demand is greater by 100 per cent. than it ever was before. And, besides, just at present there is an enormous demand for beef from abroad, and the number of live cattle being exported will increase from 1000 to 2000 per week.

Just how long this demand will continue no one can say. Although the supply of live stock is up to the average of last year, many of the cattlemen believe the best cattle may increase in price until the high-water mark of 1882, which was $9.30 per 100 pounds, will have been reached.

In 1882 there were only 23,280,000 cattle other than milch cows in the United States. This number gradually increased until 1892 when there were 37,651,000. Since then the number of live cattle has decreased until in a recent report the Department of Agriculture at Washington placed the number of cattle now in the United States at only 28,000,000.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS DEARER.

Another Advance of Twenty-five Per Cent. Decided On.

CHICAGO (Special).—A special meeting of the Northwestern Plow and Implement Association was held here a few days ago. The condition of the steel market was discussed and it was decided to make another advance of about twenty-five per cent. above the schedule made at the meeting of the association held last July. It was announced during the discussion that iron and steel have advanced considerably within the last ten days, and the association decided to adjourn until October 31, when another meeting is to be held for the purpose of making a further advance, and all contracts let after November 1 are to be under the new schedule.

Coal Famine Feared.

According to present indications the central west this winter will experience a coal famine, the like of which never before has been known in that section of the country. Ordinarily at this season of the year the railroad companies, especially those whose lines connect the east and the central west, derive their greatest benefit from the transportation of coal from the eastern fields of that section, but under the present conditions they are unable to provide cars for the hauling of the fuel, owing to the unprecedented handling of other and more profitable commodities. Railroad tariffs on the fuel have been advanced, and there are strong reasons to believe that before very long they will be sent up still higher.

Business Briefs.

North Carolina is to have an ingrain carpet mill.

The production of coal in the Transvaal in 1898 was 1,907,808 tons.

Clothing houses are reported crowded with orders and retail trade is better than last year.

Coal weather and large crop yields are stimulating features in Canadian trade.

The coal trade reflects weather and trade conditions in still further improved demand, and predictions are of further advances later in the season.

The absence of rain on the Pacific coast has been favorable for the completion of grain harvest, and for threshing in Washington and Oregon.

Grapes, because of the short crop, are somewhat higher, and will continue to rise in price.

One of the longest and most disastrous droughts that ever afflicted Maine was broken by rains a few days ago. This is the first rain of any account that has fallen in three months.

Steady demand for export and confidence in all of this year's wheat crop being needed have proved stimulating in the face of heavy receipts and admittedly large present supplies.

Pig iron has advanced at Birmingham, Ala., $1 a ton, No. 1 foundry now selling for $19.50, the highest in twenty years. This is the second advance of $1 in ten days.

PRACTICAL HELP FOR SUFFERING WOMEN

THE ills of women overshadow their whole lives.

Some women are constantly getting medical treatment and are never well. "A woman best understands women's ills," and the women who consult Mrs. Pinkham find in her counsel practical assistance.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

MRS. MABEL GOOD, Correctionville, Ia., tells how Mrs. Pinkham saved her life. She says:

"I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me. I can recommend it as one of the best medicines on earth for all women's ills. I suffered for two years with female weakness and at last became bedfast. Three of our best doctors did me no good so I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking a few bottles of your medicine, I was able to do all my housework. I know that your medicine raised me from a bed of sickness and perhaps death, and am very thankful for what it has done for me. I hope that every suffering woman may be persuaded to try your medicine."

Get Mrs. Pinkham's advice as soon as you begin to be puzzled. The sick headaches and dragging sensation come from a curable cause. Write for help as soon as they appear.

MRS. DORR STANLEY, Campbellsburg, Ind., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I was troubled with sick headache and was so weak and nervous, I could hardly go. A friend called upon me one evening and recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying that she knew that it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine and after taking five bottles of it, I was entirely cured. I cannot praise it enough."

Captain Sigsbee Bereaved.

Eleanor Sigsbee, aged thirteen, the youngest child of Captain C. D. Sigsbee, of the destroyed battleship Maine, died suddenly of heart disease at the summer house of her aunt, Mrs. Caroline Bittenhouse, at Rehoboth, Del. She went to Rehoboth for her health.

The Nashville Reaches Santo Domingo.

The gunboat Nashville arrived a few days ago at Santo Domingo from Gibara, Cuba. She relieves the cruiser New Orleans which has been engaged in looking after American interests during the Jimenez revolution.

The Labor World.

The American Federation of Labor consists of 11,500 unions.

In Syria a skilled laborer is paid from fifty cents to a $1 a day.

The labor temple agitation at Toledo, Ohio, has been temporarily laid on the shelf.

Eight hundred coal miners at Hinton, W. Va., have joined those on strike. Nearly 3000 men are now out.

After a long strike the union carpenters of Edinburgh, Scotland, have secured a wage scale of $2.75 a week.

Wood carvers are in demand in New York City, and the trade is booming. Members of the craft are coming from London to secure work.

The employers of San Francisco have conceded the demand of their painters and decorators for $3 for eight hours' work.

House movers in New York City are organizing. At present they work fourteen and fifteen hours per day for $1.50 to $1.75.

The headquarters of the Journeymen Bakers and Confectioners' International Union have been removed from Brooklyn to Cleveland.

The St. Louis Building Trade Council, as now organized and perfected, is said to be the most powerful of any similar body in the United States.

A trade paper mentions that another new molding machine has been perfected, by the operation of which three men can do the work of some sixty odd mechanics.

School Tax Unconstitutional.

Attorney General Douglas, of Minnesota, has made public an opinion that the one and one-half mill tax law passed by the last Legislature for the relief of the St. Paul schools is unconstitutional. The schools of the city, which have nearly thirty thousand pupils, will therefore have to close about April 1, when the regular school appropriation runs out.

All Quiet in Samoa.

Advices from Samoa say that no further outbreaks have occurred, but, it is added, the action of the Germans is likely to cause trouble.

Minor Mention.

A Christian Science school for boys has been established at Stamford, Conn.

Yellowstone Park had a larger number of visitors this year than ever before.

During the present year the tussock moth killed 1024 trees on the streets and parks of Buffalo, N. Y.

Wisconsin has followed the example of New York in issuing a list of books for township libraries.

The gain in the number of school children in Marquette, Mich., this year, was only one over last year.

The British Association for the Advancement of Science has been granted $5000 toward the expenses of an Antarctic expedition.

The Pope has issued an encyclical to England on the position of the Church in Great Britain and the Colonies.

The Dreyfus case is almost forgotten in England. The effort to boycott the Paris Exposition is an utter failure.

Emperor William of Germany has refused to accept the protectorate of the Bismarck Museum at Stendal, a town of Prussian Saxony.

As a result of the rigid enforcement of the child-labor and compulsory education laws very many of the country schools in Indiana are overcrowded.

Parisians are greatly disturbed because the extension of the Orleans Railway threatens to ruin the fine rows of shade trees on the left bank of the Seine, Quai d'Orsay.

Filipinos Beaten in Cebu.

General Otis has cabled to the War Department, at Washington, the details of an attack made upon insurgents on the Island of Cebu. The attack was made under the direction of General Snyder, Colonel of the Nineteenth Infantry. The attacking party consisted of regulars and nearly 300 men of the Tennessee regiment. General Snyder destroyed seven forts and routed the Filipinos.

Philippine Military Departments.

The War Department at Washington has definitely decided to create four military departments in the Philippines.

Prominent People.

King Oscar of Sweden takes delight in fishing for salmon.

A bust of Former Speaker Reed is being executed in bronze for the Maine Legislature.

Professor Hadley, the new President of Yale, rides a bicycle, plays whist and is an enthusiast over golf.

Emile Zola has written a letter to Mme. Dreyfus saying that the fight for her husband's full rehabilitation will go on.

The officers and corporals of the Insular Police of Porto Rico have presented to General and Mrs. Guy V. Henry a portrait of the General, painted in Porto Rico. He was the former Military Governor of the Island.

There is no more methodical speaker than Former Governor John P. Altgeld, of Illinois. His big speeches he carefully prepares and sends copies in advance to the newspapers.

The Washington house which Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock has rented for the winter is that formerly occupied by ex-Secretary Alger. It has a double front and is four stories in height.

Governor Leslie M. Shaw, of Iowa, who has been nominated for a second term as chief executive of the State, objects to dancing, and refused, at his last inauguration, to sanction the customary ball.

Field Marshal Viscount Wolseley, Commander-in-Chief of the British army, has been appointed Honorary Colonel of the Royal Canadian Regiment of Infantry.

IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make a better cleansing paste than you can buy.

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces (one-quarter of the small size cake) of Ivory Soap cut into shavings. Boil five minutes after the soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire and cool in convenient dishes (not tin). It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar. COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. C